

Measurements of CP violation in B decays and CKM parameters

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On behalf of the BABAR Collaboration

13th Lomonosov Conference on Elementary Particle Physics

Moskow, 23-29 August 2007

Outline

- Introduction
- CP violation and the CKM model
- Experimental setups and methods
- The angles
 - $\beta = \varphi_1$
 - $\alpha = \varphi_2$
 - $\gamma = \varphi_3$
- Direct CP asymmetries
- Putting all together: a flavor of the CKM fits
- Summary and outlook



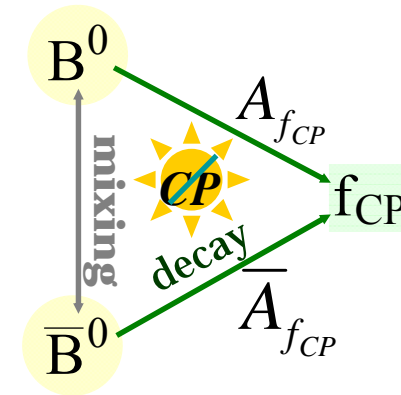
Both B factories
Focus on recent results
TeVatron not repeated

Introduction

At least 2 amplitudes for CP violation to occur.

3 types of CP violation:

- **Direct** charged and neutral B strong phases
- **In mixing** neutral suppressed
- **In the interference between mixing and decay** neutral **golden modes** + others.
- One or several types.

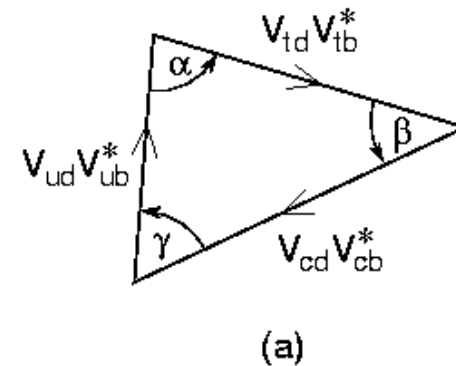


Standard or not ?

- The standard model (SM) accommodates CP violation through the CKM quark mixing.

$$V = \begin{pmatrix} V_{ud} & V_{us} & V_{ub} \\ V_{cd} & V_{cs} & V_{cb} \\ V_{td} & V_{ts} & V_{tb} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\approx \begin{pmatrix} 1 - \lambda^2/2 & \lambda & A\lambda^3(\rho - i\eta) \\ -\lambda & 1 - \lambda^2/2 & A\lambda^2 \\ A\lambda^3(1 - \rho - i\eta) & -A\lambda^2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^4)$$

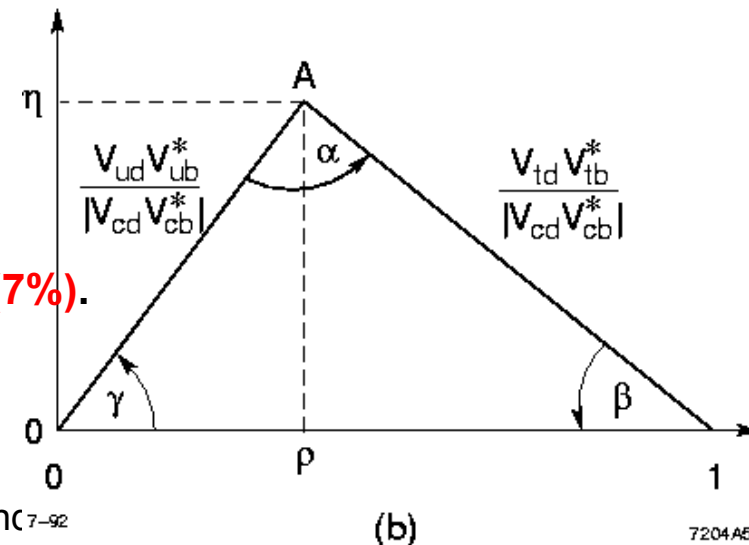


Experimental protocol

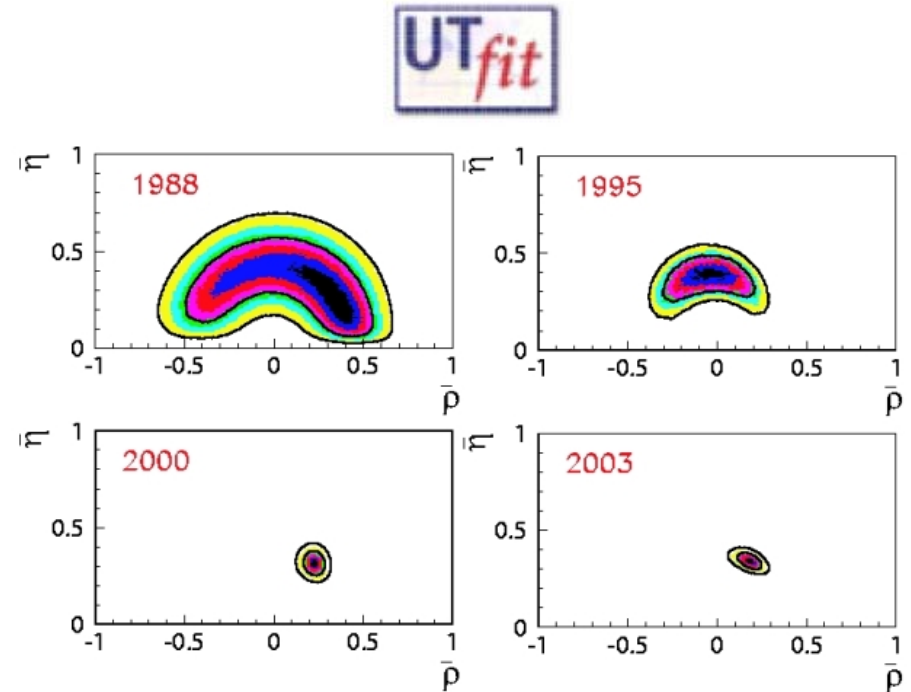
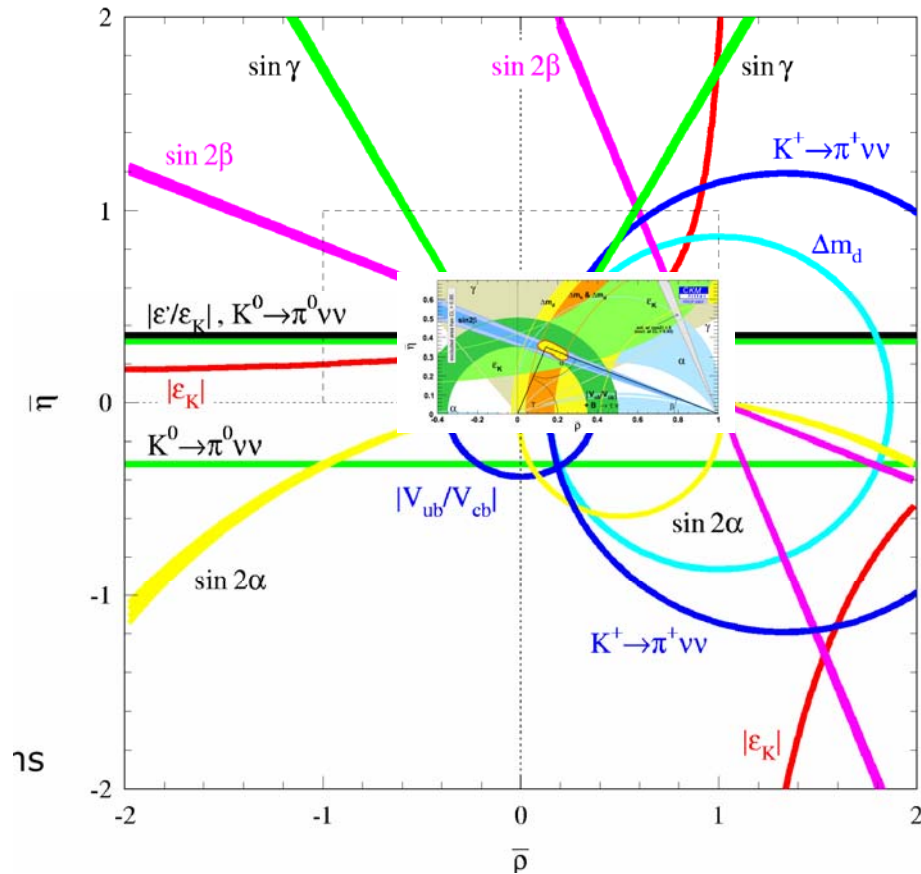
Overconstrain the 4 CKM parameters (angles)

$\lambda \sim 0.23$ (0.5%), $A \sim 0.8$ (2%), $\rho \sim 0.2$ (20%), $\eta \sim 0.4$ (7%).

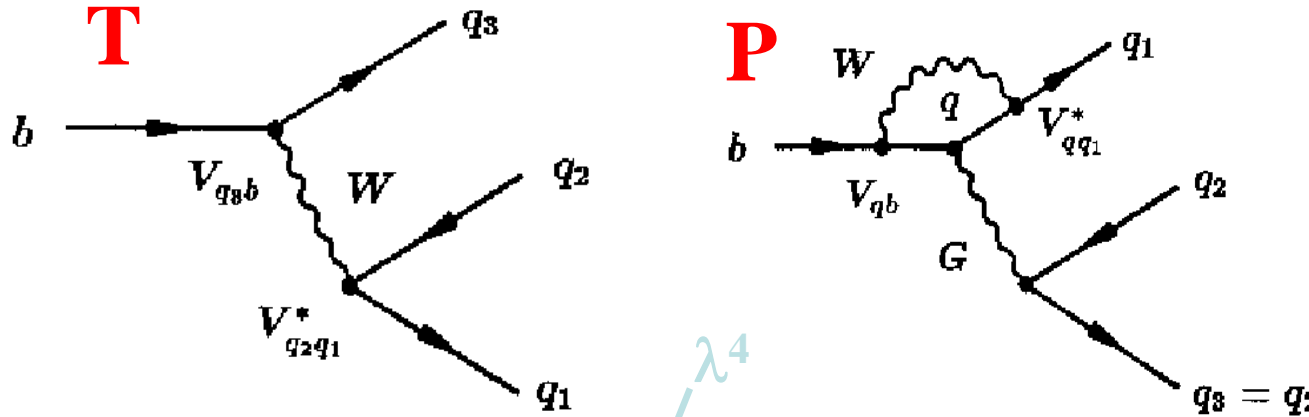
Look for new physics as a correction to the CKM picture



CKM matrix and UT



Amplitude structure in the SM



EWP

Cabibbo and color suppression

λ^2 λ^4

$$A_{ccs} \sim V_{cb} V_{cs}^* \mathbf{T}_{ccs} + V_{ub} V_{us}^* \mathbf{P}_s$$

GOLDEN Charmonium $K_{S,L}$ β

$$A_{sss} \sim V_{cb} V_{cs}^* \mathbf{P} + V_{ub} V_{us}^* \mathbf{P}$$

ΦK_S β_{eff}

$$A_{ccd} \sim V_{tb} V_{td}^* \mathbf{P} + V_{cb} V_{cd}^* \mathbf{T}_{ccd}$$

$D^+ D^-$ $\beta + \phi$

$$A_{uud} \sim V_{tb} V_{td}^* \mathbf{P} + V_{ub} V_{ud}^* \mathbf{T}_{uud}$$

$\pi^+ \pi^-$ α_{eff}

λ^3 $(\mathbf{T}_{\text{cus}} + \mathbf{T}_{\text{ucs}})$ common D decay modes DK γ

Time dependent CP Asymmetries

For B decaying to f_{CP} (CP eigenstate) .

$$\mathcal{A}_f(\Delta t) \equiv \frac{\Gamma_{\bar{B}^0 \rightarrow f}(\Delta t) - \Gamma_{B^0 \rightarrow f}(\Delta t)}{\Gamma_{\bar{B}^0 \rightarrow f}(\Delta t) + \Gamma_{B^0 \rightarrow f}(\Delta t)}$$

$$= S_f \sin(\Delta m \Delta t) - C_f \cos(\Delta m \Delta t)$$

$\eta \sin 2\varphi_{\text{eff}}$

$$\lambda_f = \frac{q}{p} \frac{\bar{A}_f}{A_f}$$

$S_f \equiv \frac{2 \text{Im}(\lambda_f)}{1 + |\lambda_f|^2}$

$$C_f \equiv -A_f \equiv \frac{1 - |\lambda_f|^2}{1 + |\lambda_f|^2}$$

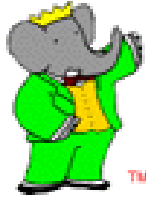
- Statistics (low B.R.)
- Exclusive B mesons reconstruction
- Δt measurement
- Flavor tagging

B factory

tracking/calorimetry

**asymmetric collider,
vertexing**

particle identification



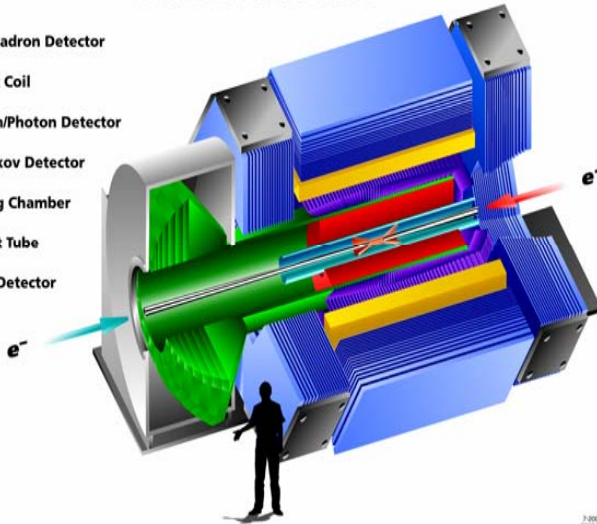
Experiments



SLAC PEP-II

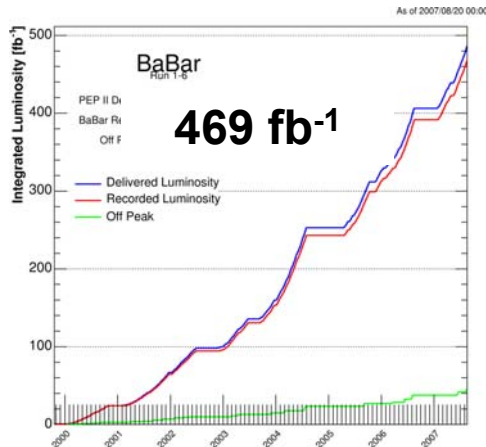
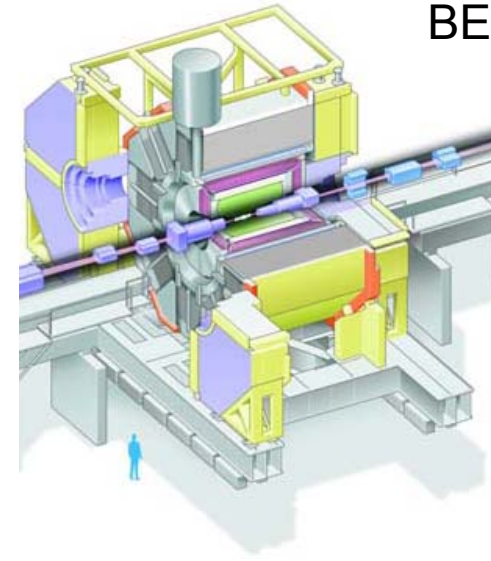
BABAR Detector

- Muon/Hadron Detector
- Magnet Coil
- Electron/Photon Detector
- Cherenkov Detector
- Tracking Chamber
- Support Tube
- Vertex Detector



KEK-B

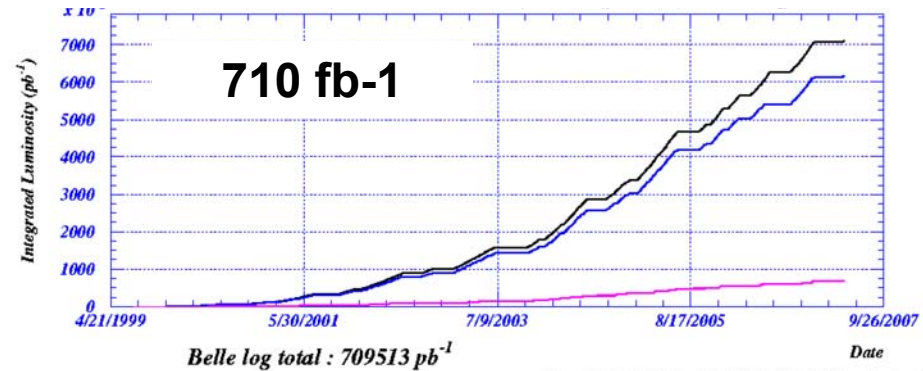
BELLE



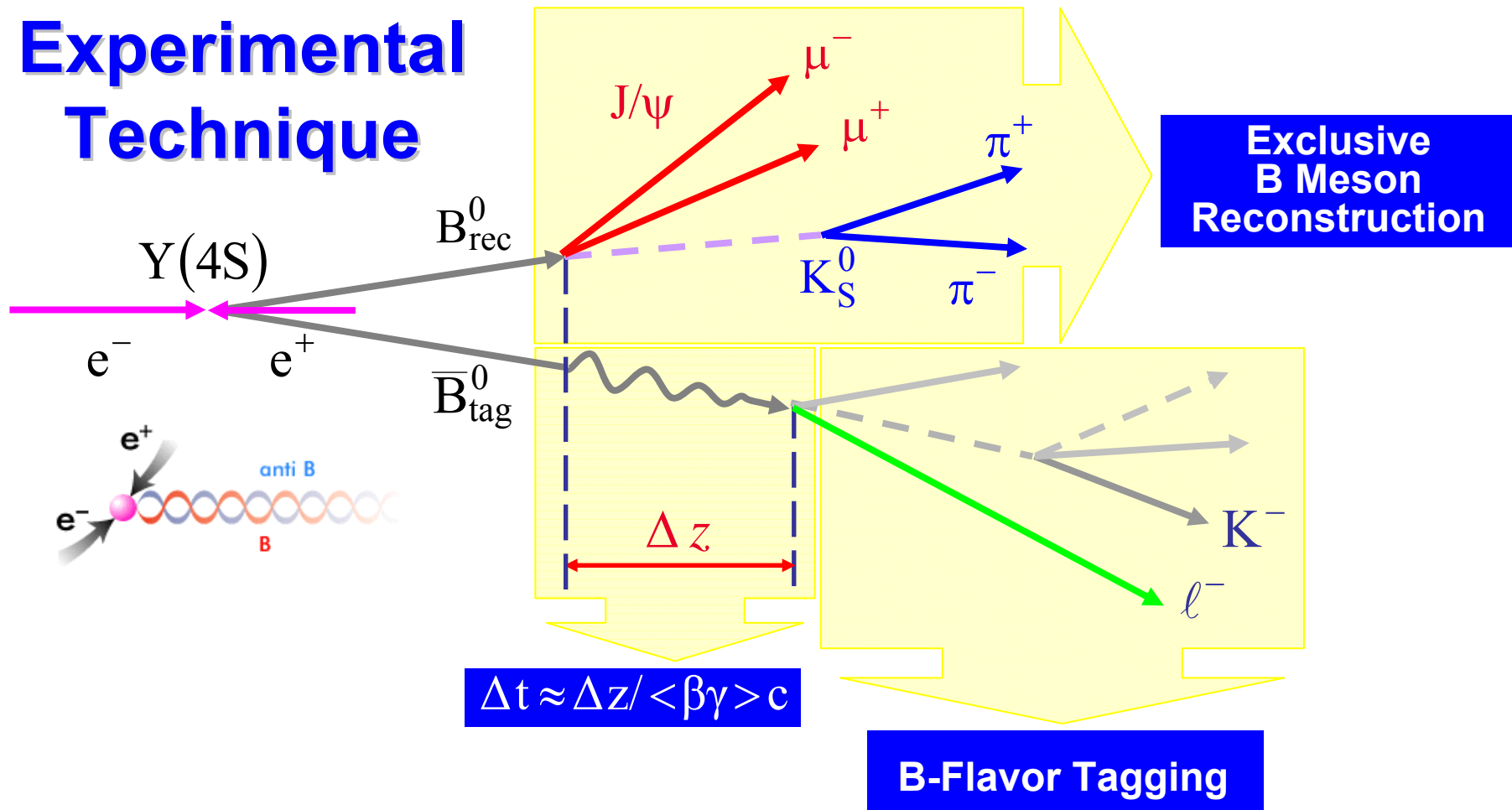
August 21



TeVatron now contributes



Experimental Technique

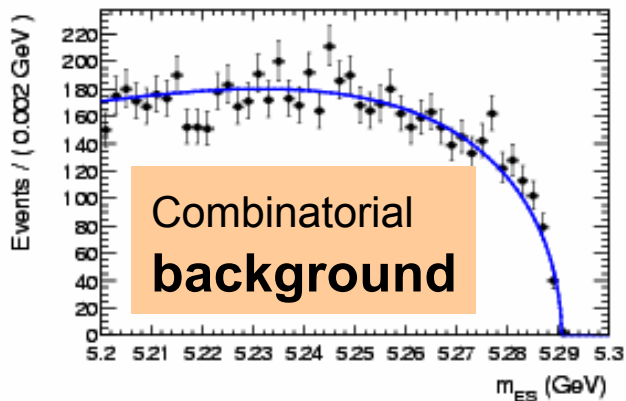
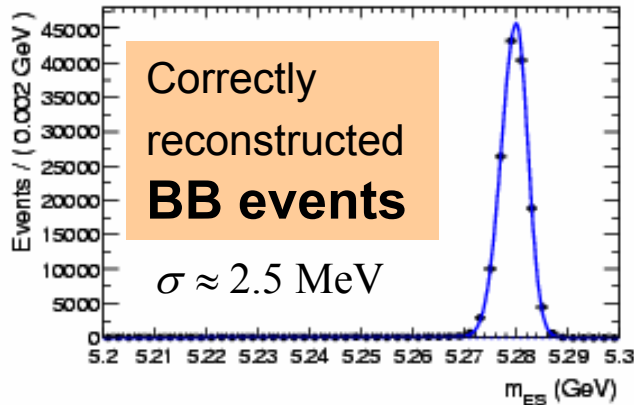


$B_{\text{rec}}^0 = B_{\text{flav}}^0$ (flavor eigenstates) \Rightarrow lifetime, mixing analyses
 $B_{\text{rec}}^0 = B_{\text{CP}}^0$ (CP eigenstates) \Rightarrow CP analysis

B Meson Reconstruction

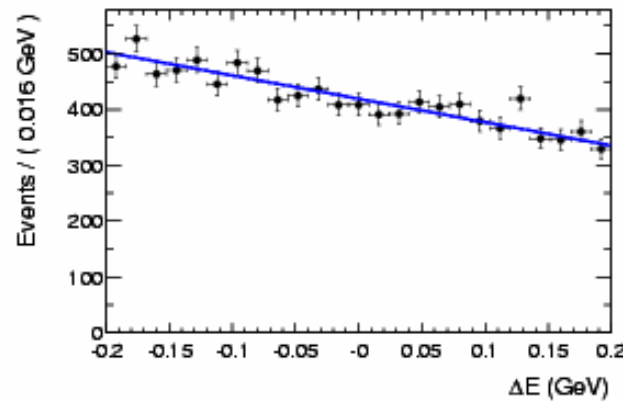
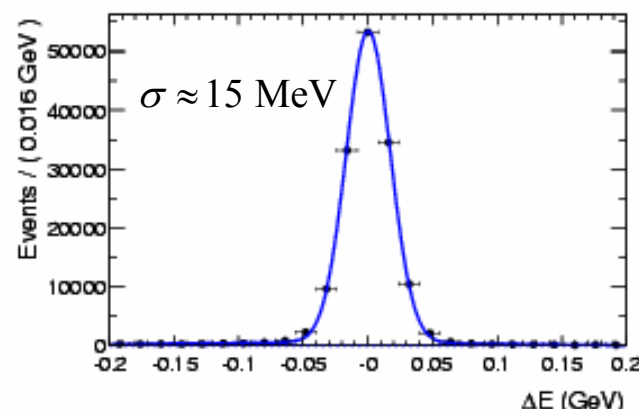
Beam-energy substituted mass

$$m_{ES} = \sqrt{E_{beam}^{*2} - p_B^{*2}}$$



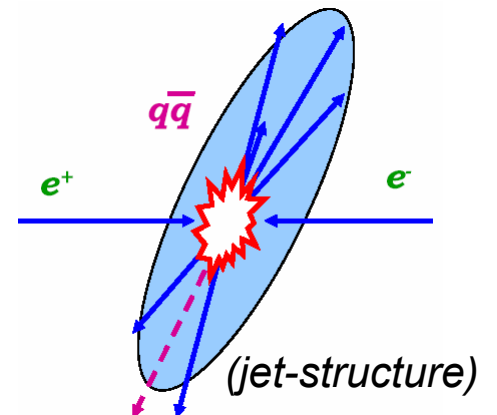
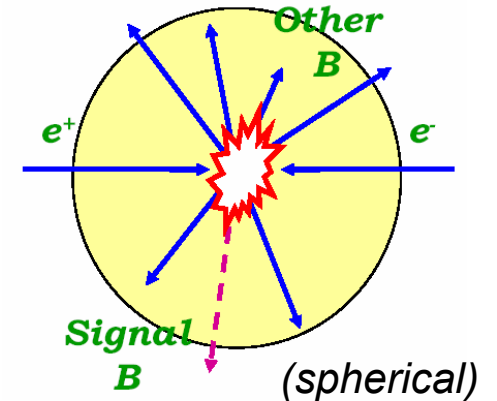
Energy difference

$$\Delta E = E_B^* - E_{beam}^*$$



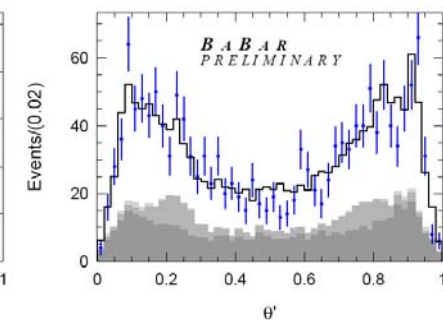
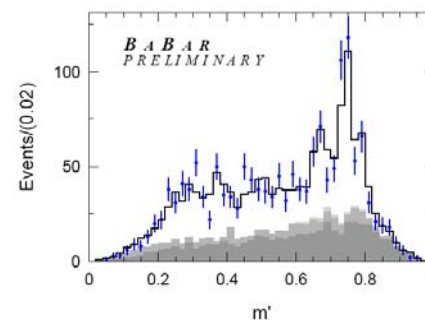
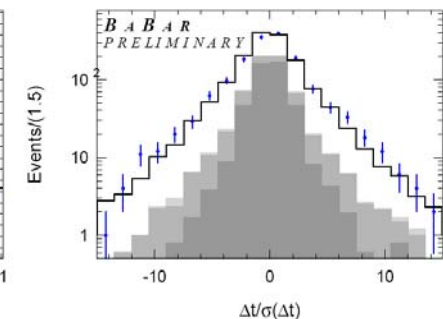
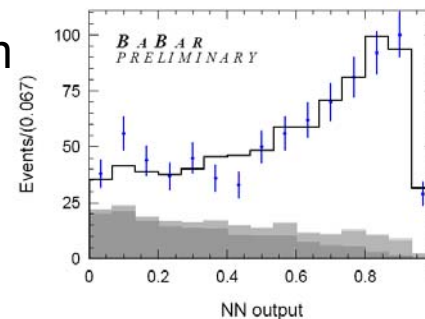
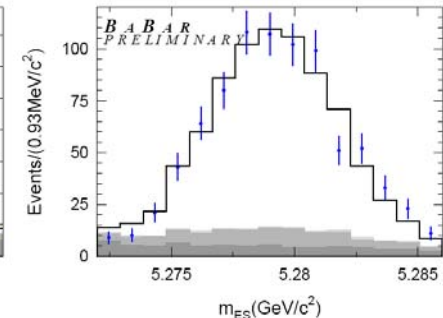
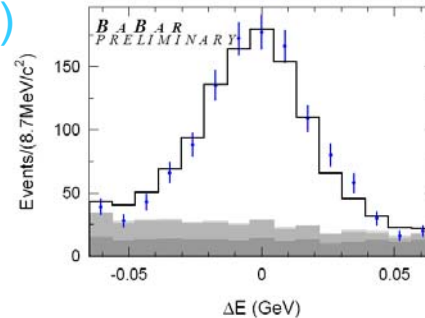
Event topology

(multivariate methods)



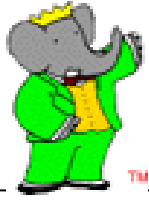
Amplitude analyses

- Use kinematics at BB threshold (M_{es} , ΔE)
- Fight combinatorial (mainly continuum with MVA) and peaking backgrounds.
- Can use Δt and tagging information, **TDCPA analyses**
- Isobar expansion to model amplitude for $B(\bar{B}) \rightarrow 3\text{bodies}$ with a non resonant term and resonances.
- Each term is a complex amplitude multiplied by a complex (isobar coefficient) whose argument incorporates the CKM phase.
- Extended UML fits to the isobar coefficients and yields
- Misreconstructed signal events included



β

- $b \rightarrow c \bar{c} s$
- $b \rightarrow s, d$ gluon ($b \rightarrow q \bar{q} s, d$)
- $b \rightarrow c \bar{u} d$
- $b \rightarrow c \bar{c} d$
- $b \rightarrow s \gamma$ by Tulay Donszelmann this afternoon



$b \rightarrow c \bar{c} s$



$$S=0.714 \pm 0.032 \pm 0.018$$

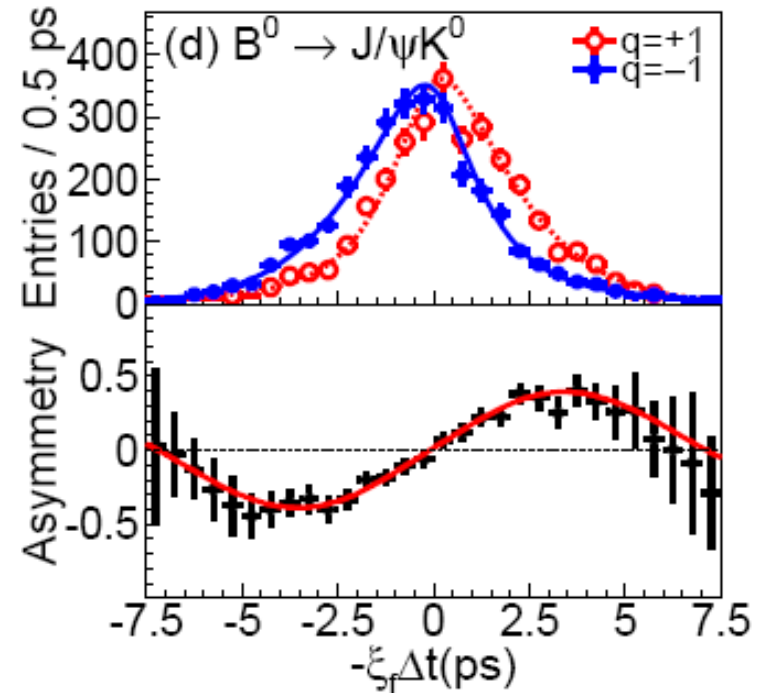
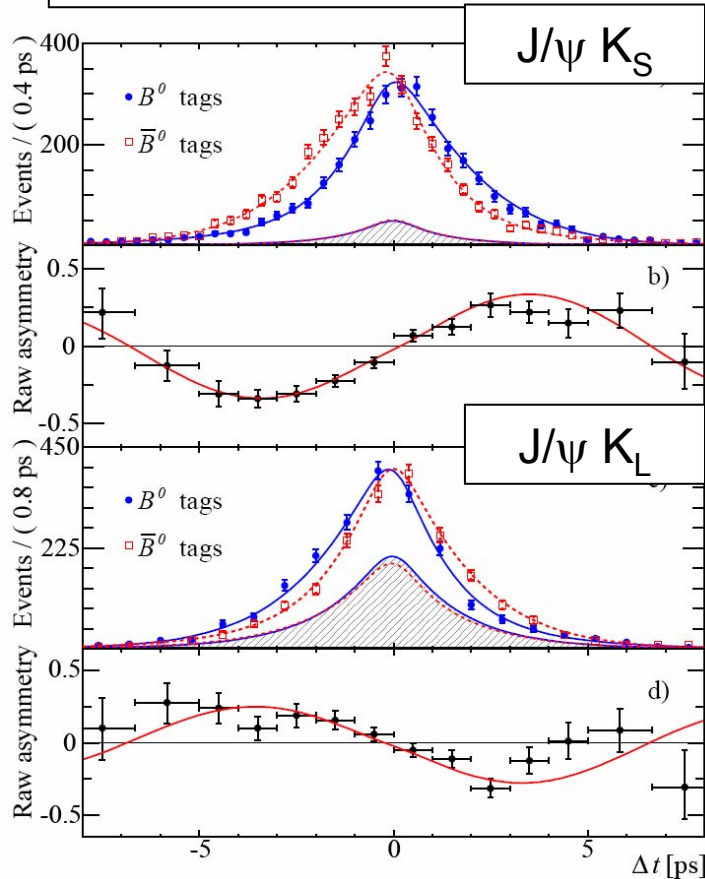
$$C=0.049 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.017$$

Preliminary arXiv: 0703021

$$S=0.642 \pm 0.031 \pm 0.017$$

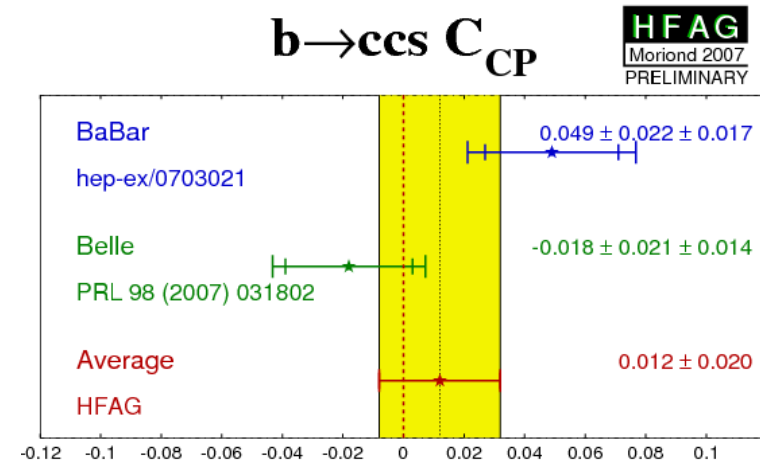
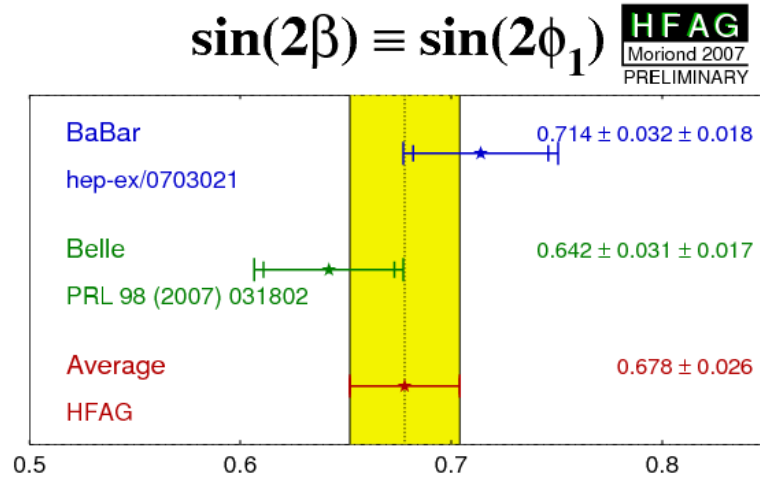
$$C=0.018 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.014$$

PRL 031802 (2007)



In SM, expect, $S=\eta \sin 2\beta$, $C=0$

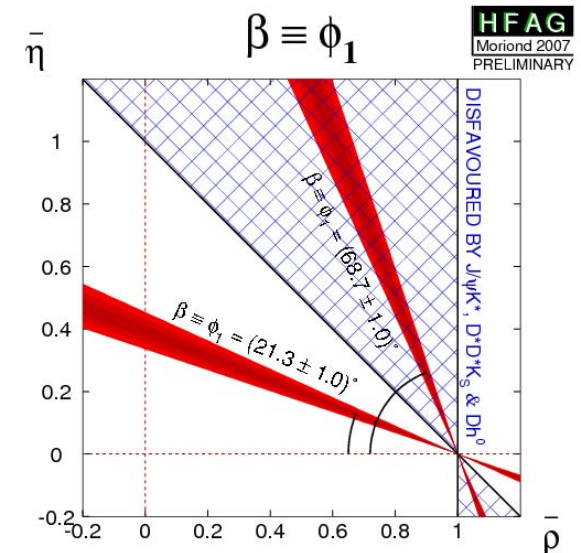
Status of charmonium K0



All charmonium (HFAG)

$\sin 2\beta = 0.678 \pm 0.025$

$\beta = (21.3 \pm 1.0)^\circ$ or $(68.7 \pm 1.0)^\circ$



$\cos 2\beta$

- J/Psi K*

3.32 +0.76 -0.96 ± 0.27 BABAR

0.56 ± 0.79 ± 0.11

[PRD 71, 032005 \(2005\)](#)

[PRL 95 091601 \(2005\)](#)

- Bd → D0(kspi+pi-) h0 (NEW!)

• $\cos 2\beta > @84\%$ c.l. (assumptions)

[arXiv: 0708.1549 preliminary](#)

- D*D*Ks

• $\cos 2\beta > 0 @94\%$ c.l. (assumptions) *Phys.Rev. D74 (2006) 091101*

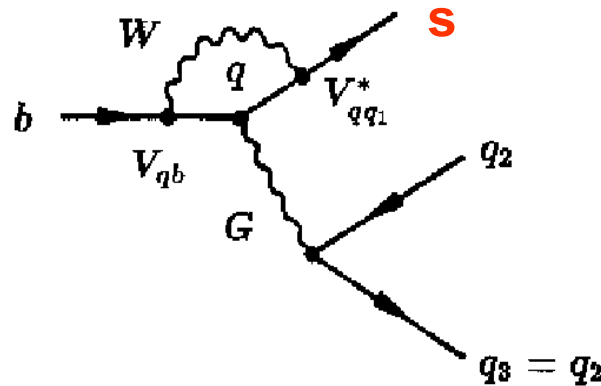
• Not conclusive

[arXiv:0706.2045 preliminary](#)

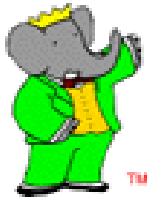
Now, amplitude analyses measure β !



$b \rightarrow qq\text{-bar } s$ (penguin)



- Loop diagrams with same weak phase as $c\bar{c}b \rightarrow s$ in SM
- new physics in loops ?
- New results available, in particular from amplitude analyses

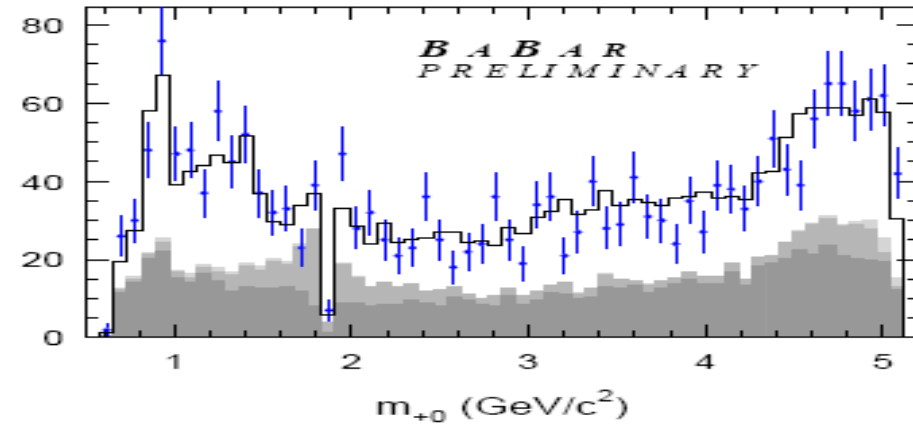


$K_S \pi^+ \pi^-$ (1)

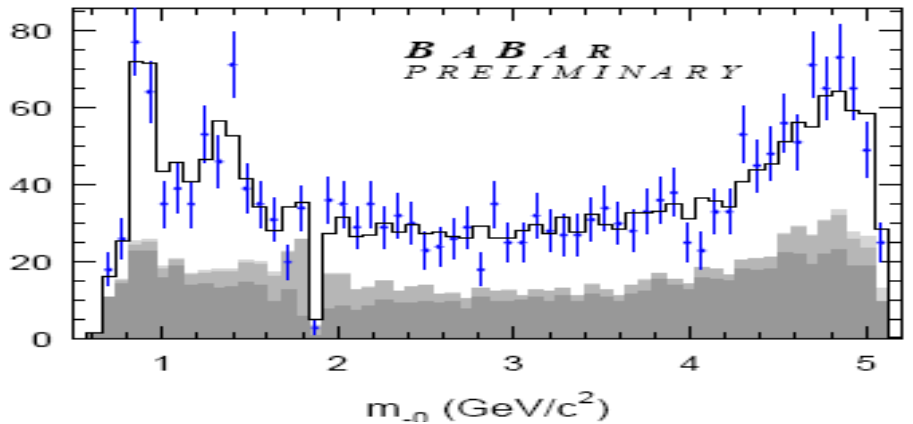
Preliminary arXiv: 0708.2097

Resonance	Parameters	Form Factor
f_0	$\text{mass} = 965 \pm 10$ $g_\pi = 165 \pm 18$ $g_K = 695 \pm 93$	Flatté
ρ^0	$\text{mass} = 775.5 \pm 0.4$ $\text{width} = 146.4 \pm 1.1$	GS
$K^{*+}(892)$	$\text{mass} = 891.66 \pm 0.26$	RBW
$K^{*-}(892)$	$\text{width} = 50.8 \pm 0.9$	
$K^{*+}(1430)$	$\text{mass} = 1415 \pm 3$	LASS
$K^{*-}(1430)$	$\text{width} = 300 \pm 6$ $\text{cutoff} = 2000$ $a = 2.07 \pm 0.1 (\text{GeV}^{-1})$ $r = 3.32 \pm 0.34 (\text{GeV}^{-1})$	
$f_X(1300)$	$\text{mass} = 1449 \pm 13$ $\text{width} = 126 \pm 25$	RBW
$f_2(1270)$	$\text{mass} = 1275.4 \pm 1.1$ $\text{width} = 185.2^{+3.1}_{-2.5}$	RBW
$\chi_{c0}(1P)$	$\text{mass} = 3414.75 \pm 0.35$ $\text{width} = 10.4 \pm 0.7$	RBW
NR decays		flat phase spac

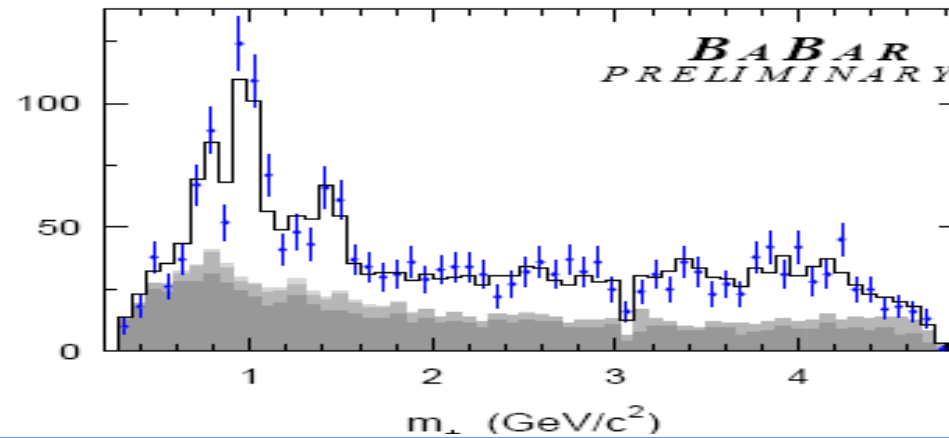
Events/(78MeV/c²)

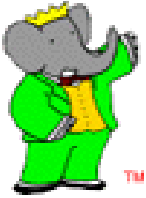


Events/(78MeV/c²)



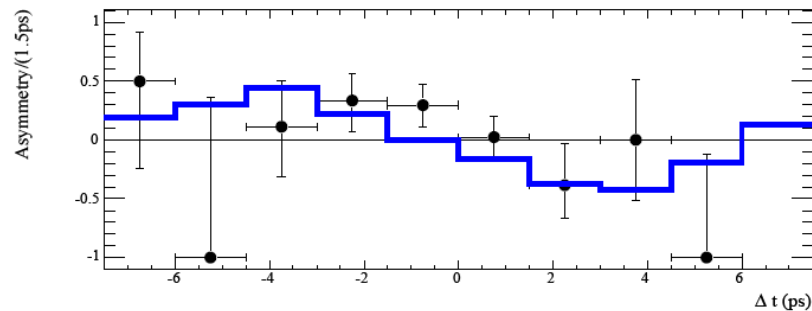
Events/(78MeV/c²)





$b \rightarrow qq\text{-bar } s K_S \pi^+ \pi^-$

Parameter	Value	Parameter	Value
$C(f_0(980)K_S^0)$	$0.35 \pm 0.27 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.04$	$C(\rho^0(770)K_S^0)$	$0.02 \pm 0.27 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.06$
$\dagger 2\beta_{\text{eff}}(f_0(980)K_S^0)$	$(89_{-20}^{+22} \pm 5 \pm 8)^\circ$	$\dagger 2\beta_{\text{eff}}(\rho^0(770)K_S^0)$	$(37_{-17}^{+19} \pm 5 \pm 6)^\circ$
$\dagger S(f_0(980)K_S^0)$	$-0.94_{-0.02-0.03}^{+0.07+0.05} \pm 0.02$	$\dagger S(\rho^0(770)K_S^0)$	$0.61_{-0.24}^{+0.22} \pm 0.09 \pm 0.08$
$f(f_0(980)K_S^0)$	$14.3_{-1.8}^{+2.8} \pm 1.5 \pm 0.6$	$f(\rho^0(770)K_S^0)$	$9.0 \pm 1.4 \pm 1.1 \pm 1.1$
$A_{CP}(K^{*+}(892)\pi^-)$	$-0.18 \pm 0.10 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.03$	$\dagger \Delta\phi(f_0K_S^0, \rho^0K_S^0)$	$(-59_{-17}^{+16} \pm 6 \pm 6)^\circ$
$\dagger \Delta\phi(K^*(892)\pi)^a$	$(-164 \pm 24 \pm 12 \pm 15)^\circ$		
$f(K^*(892)\pi)$	$11.7 \pm 1.3 \pm 1.3 \pm 0.6$		
$f(K^*(1430)\pi)$	$38.9 \pm 2.5 \pm 0.7 \pm 1.3$	$f(NR)$	$25.6 \pm 2.5 \pm 1.9 \pm 0.5$
$f(f_0(1300)K_S^0)$	$6.3 \pm 1.3 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.3$	$f(f_2(1270)K_S^0)$	$2.1 \pm 0.8 \pm 0.0 \pm 0.2$
$f(\chi_{c0}(1P)K_S^0)$	$1.2 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.0 \pm 0.1$		

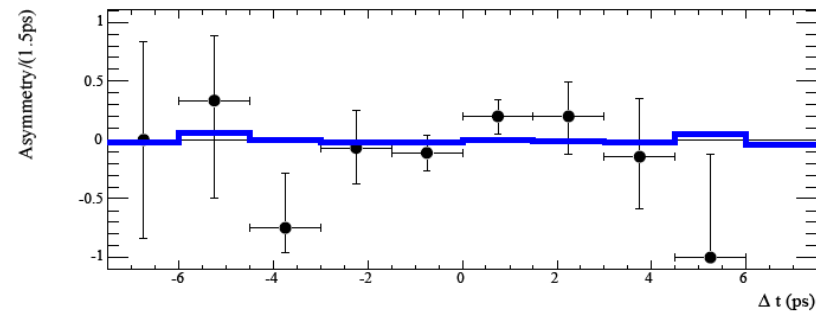


f0Ks

$\beta = 44.5 \pm 11 \pm 2.5 \pm 4$ degrees

Preliminary arXiv: 0708.2097

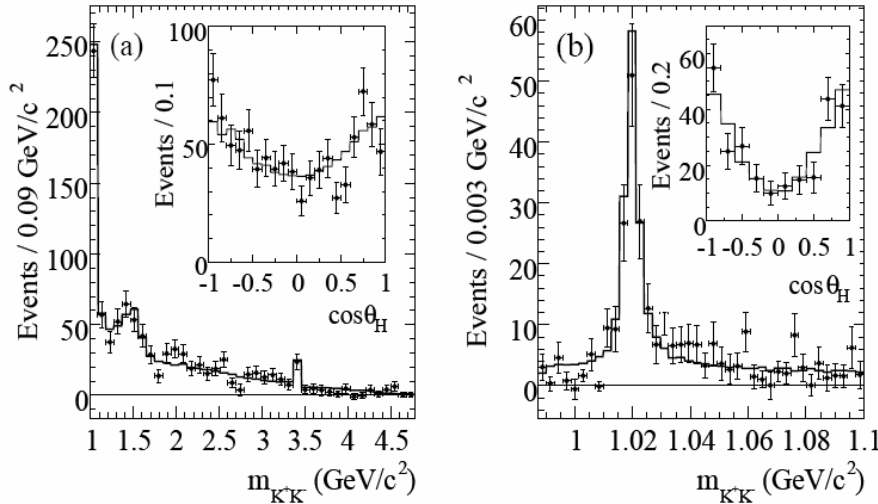
$18.5 \pm 6 \pm 2.5 \pm 4$



ρ^0K_S

18

$b \rightarrow qq\text{-bar } s$ (penguin) $K_S K^+ K^-$



Measures β_{eff} for



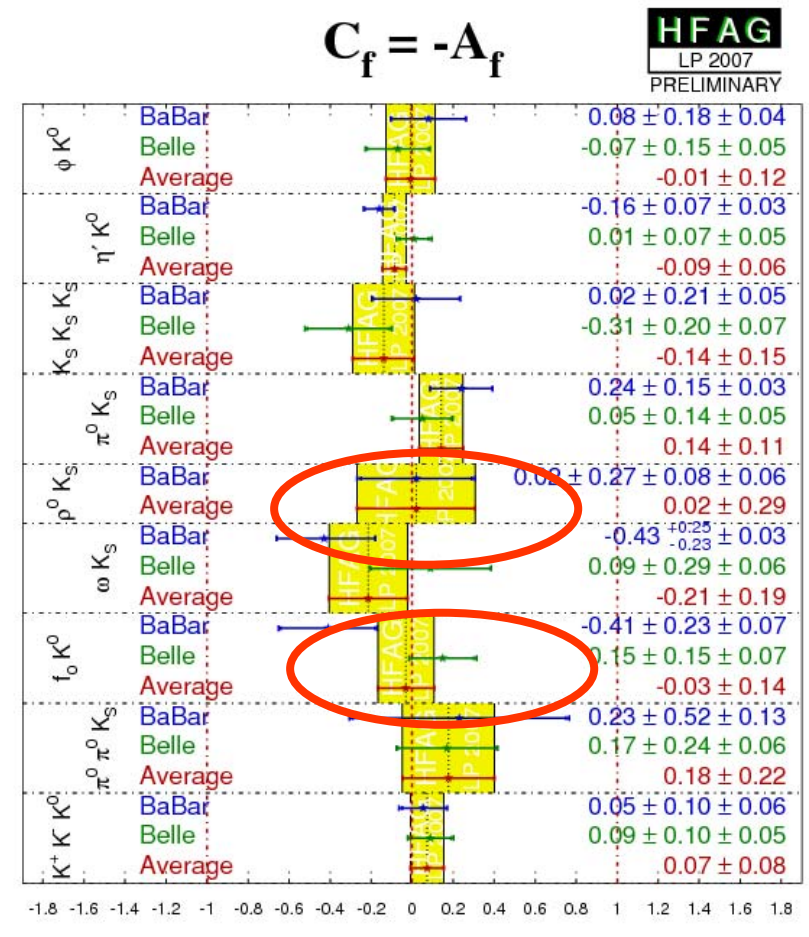
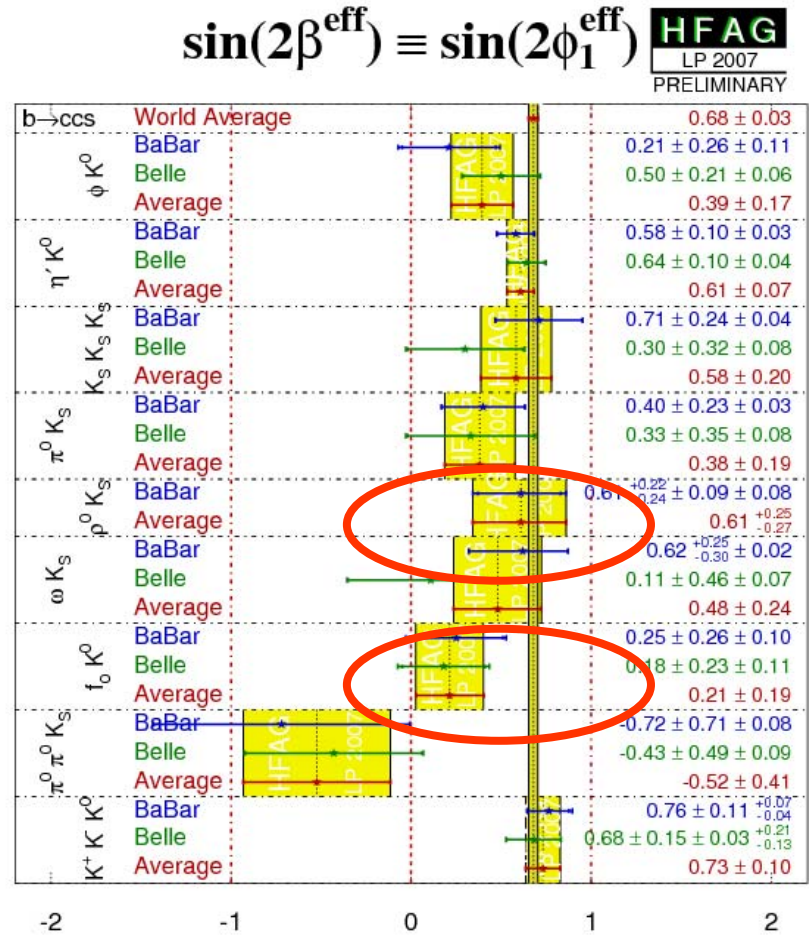
- ϕK_S
- $f_0 K_S$ with $f_0 \rightarrow K^+ K^-$
- $K^+ K^- K_S$ in the high mass region [$M(K^+ K^-) > 1.1 \text{ GeV}/c^2$]

	A_{CP}	$\beta_{\text{eff}} \text{ (rad)}$	(degrees)
Whole DP	$-0.015 \pm 0.077 \pm 0.053$	$0.352 \pm 0.076 \pm 0.026$	$20.2 \pm 4.3 \pm 1.5$
High-mass	$-0.054 \pm 0.102 \pm 0.060$	$0.436 \pm 0.087^{+0.055}_{-0.031}$	25.0
(1) ϕK^0	$-0.08 \pm 0.18 \pm 0.04$	$0.11 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.06$	6 ± 8
(1) $f_0 K^0$	$0.41 \pm 0.23 \pm 0.07$	$0.14 \pm 0.15 \pm 0.05$	8 ± 8
(2) ϕK^0	-0.11 ± 0.18	0.10 ± 0.13	6 ± 7
(2) $f_0 K^0$	-0.20 ± 0.31	3.09 ± 0.19	177 ± 11

CPV established at 4.8σ ;

$\pi - \beta_{\text{eff}}$ disfavored at 4.5σ

b → s gluon (LP07)

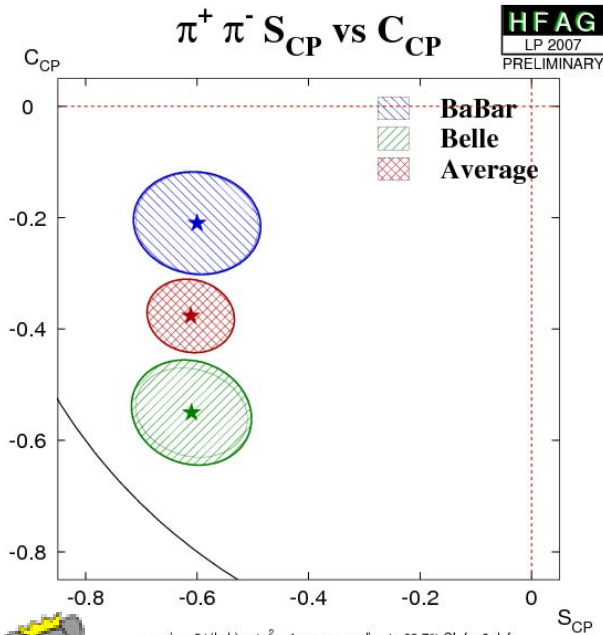


Without the outlying B → K_S f₀(π+π⁻)

α

- Original idea $B \rightarrow \pi\pi$.
 - Penguin pollution.
 - Gronau London (GL) isospin scheme.
 - Big $BF(\pi^0\pi^0)$
- $B \rightarrow 3$ pion Dalitz.
 - Snyder Quinn et al.
 - Babar and now Belle
- $B \rightarrow \rho\rho$
 - like $\pi\pi$ but twice lucky (polarization, $B \rightarrow \rho^0\rho^0$ small)
- new (recent) $b1$ pi, $K1$ pi, $a1$ pi

$b \rightarrow uu\text{-bar} d$



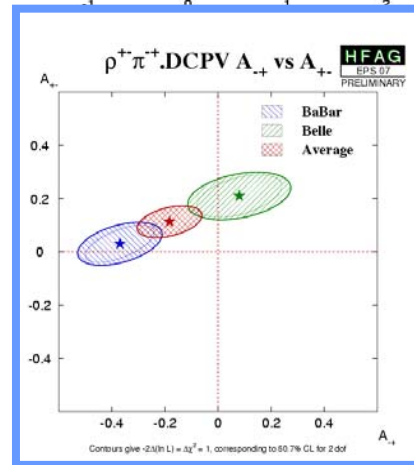
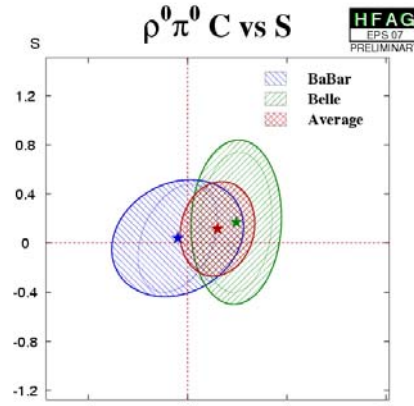
Contours give $-2\Delta(\ln L) = \Delta\chi^2 = 1$, corresponding to 60.7% CL for 2 dof



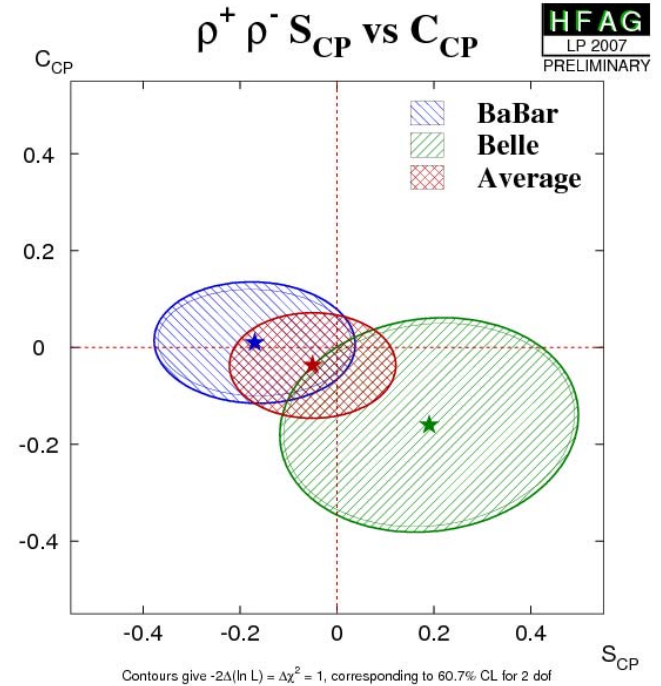
[PRL 99 \(2007\) 021603](#)
[PRL 98 \(2007\) 211801](#)



25/8/07 XIII-Lomonosov



[PRD 76 \(2007\) 012004](#)
[PRL 98 \(2007\) 221602](#)



preliminary [arXiv:0705.2157](#)
[PRD 76 \(2007\) 011104](#)

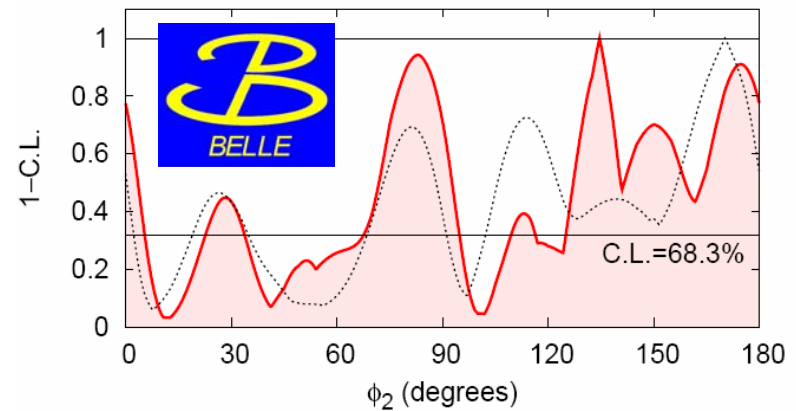
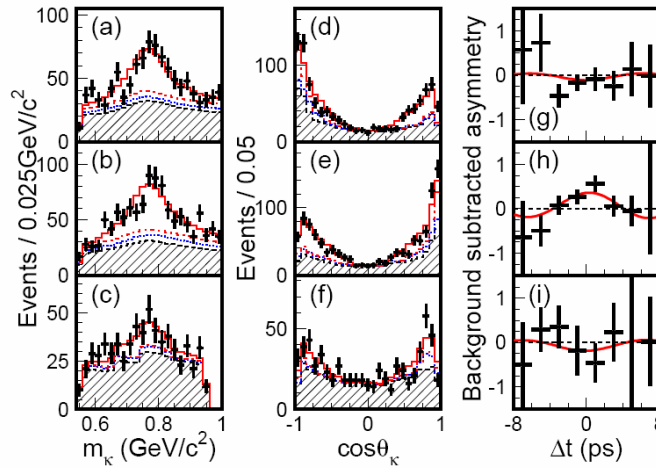
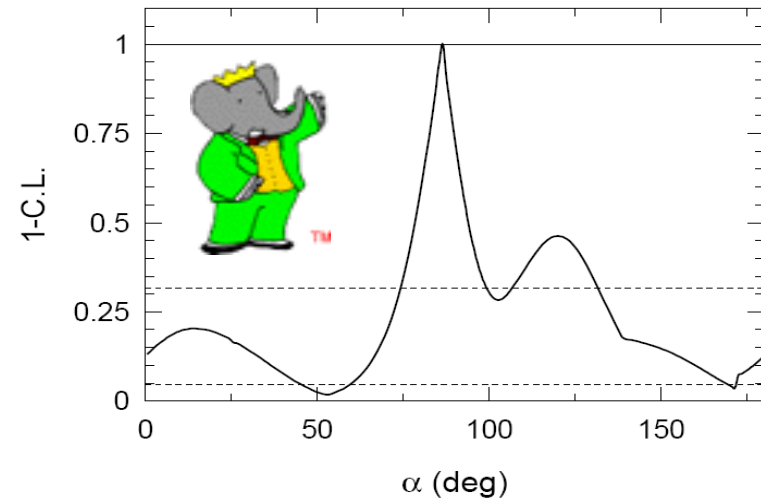
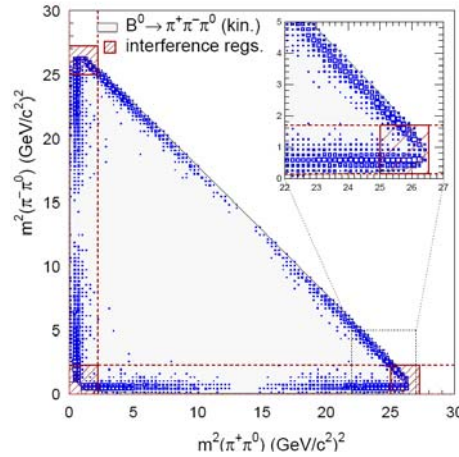
J.Chauveau CPV in B and CKM

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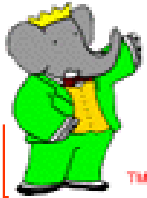
$(\rho\pi)^0$

BABAR PRD 76 (2007) 012004
 BELLE PRL 98 (2007) 221602

TDCPA analysis
 3 ρ charge states
 interfere
 in the corners
 Fit bilinear form
 factors



New $\rho\rho$ GL isospin analysis



TDCP $\rho^0\rho^0$

Preliminary [arXiv:0708.1630v1](https://arxiv.org/abs/0708.1630v1) [hep-ex]

$$10^6 \times \text{BF} = 0.84 \pm 0.29 \pm 0.17$$

$$f_L = 0.70 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.05$$

$$S_{CP} = 0.5 \pm 0.9 \pm 0.2$$

$$C_{CP} = 0.4 \pm 0.9 \pm 0.2$$

+

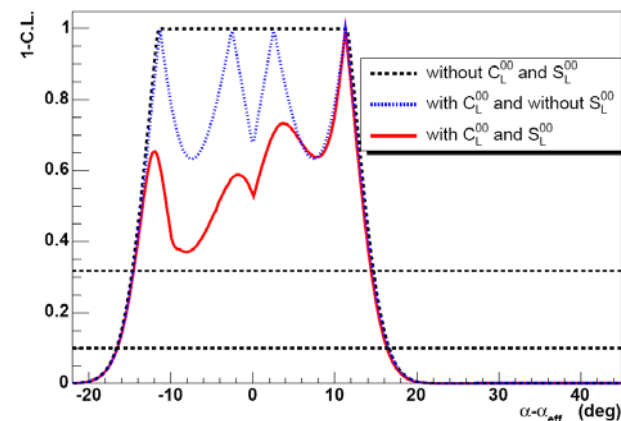
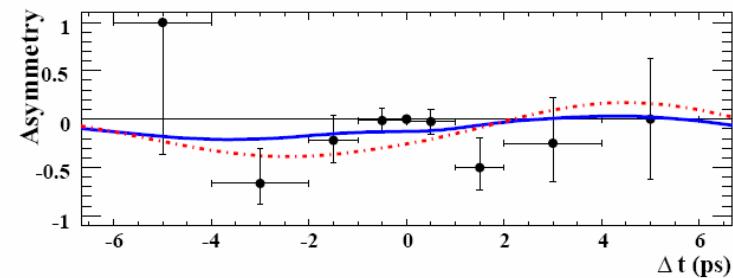
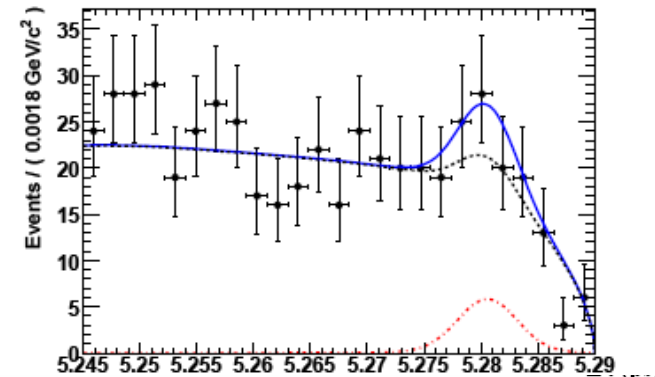
$\rho^+\rho^-$

Babar preliminary [arXiv:0705.2157](https://arxiv.org/abs/0705.2157)

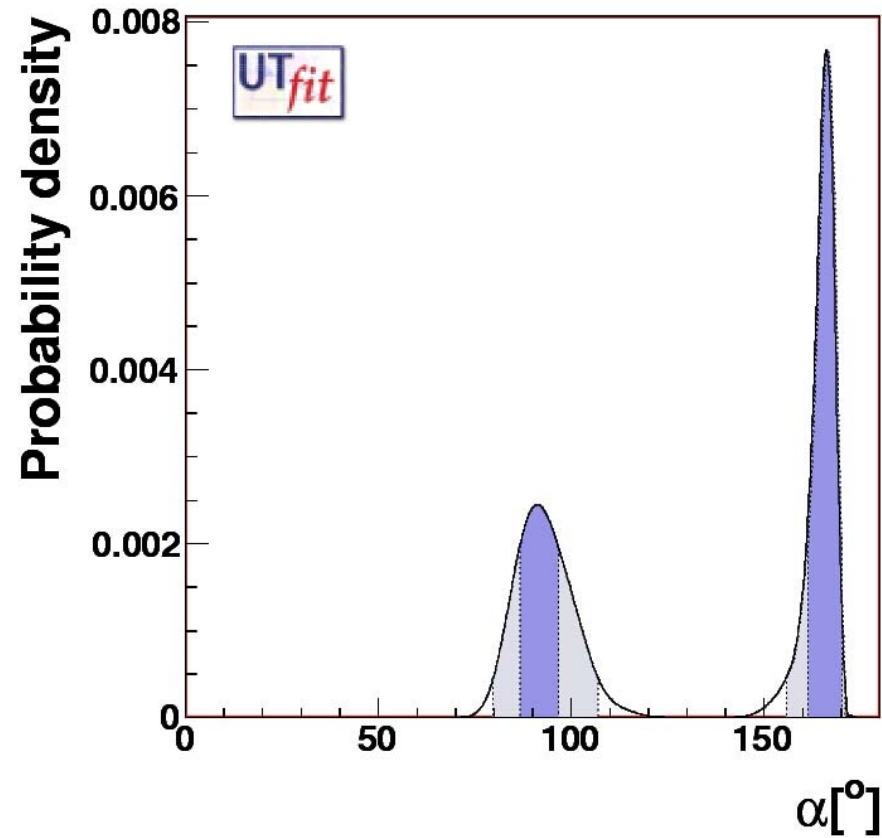
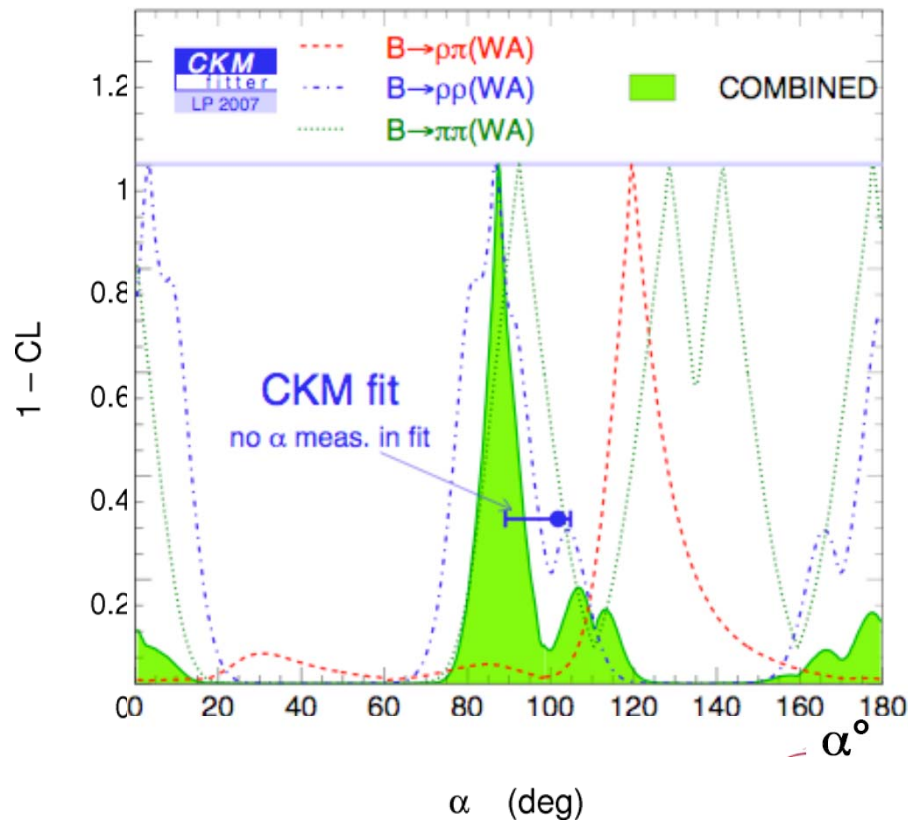
Belle [PRD 76 \(2007\) 011104](https://arxiv.org/abs/0705.2157)

=

$$|\alpha - \alpha_{\text{eff}}| = 16.5 \text{ deg. @ 90\% c.l.}$$



α combined



$\alpha = [80, 107]$ or $[156, 171]$ deg @95% c.l.

γ

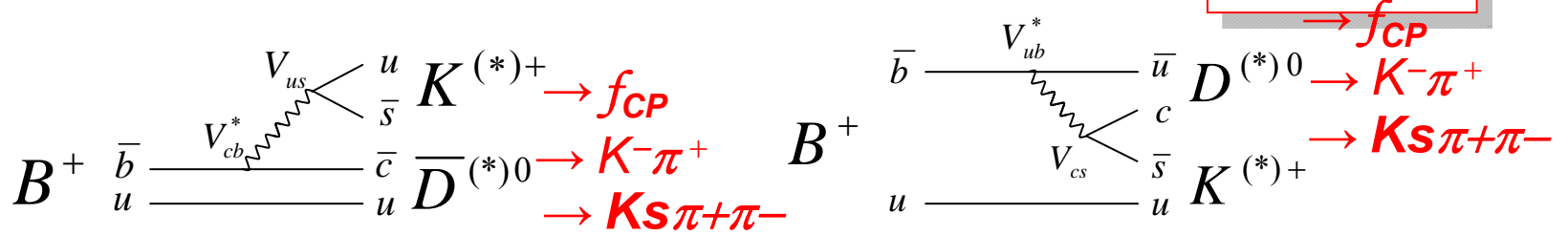
- Tree by GLW, ADS, GGSZ $B \rightarrow D^{(*)}K^{(*)}$
- $\sin(2\beta+\gamma)$ measurable via $B^0 \rightarrow D^{(*)}\pi(\rho)^{+/-}$
- **new result GLW $B^{+/-} \rightarrow D_{CP} K^{+/-}$**

GLW, ADS, **GGSZ**

GGZS method

GLW method

ADS method



Colour **favoured** $b \rightarrow c$ amplitude
 Cabibbo **suppressed** $c \rightarrow d$ amplitude

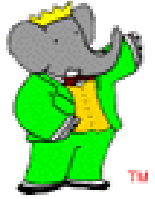
Colour **suppressed** $b \rightarrow u$ amplitude
 Cabibbo **favoured** $c \rightarrow s$ amplitude

GLW analysis	
$R_{CP\pm}$	$1 + r_B^2 \pm 2r_B \cos(\delta_B) \cos(\gamma)$
$A_{CP\pm}$	$\pm 2r_B \sin(\delta_B) \sin(\gamma) / R_{CP\pm}$
ADS analysis	
R_{ADS}	$r_B^2 + r_D^2 + 2r_B r_D \cos(\delta_B + \delta_D) \cos(\gamma)$
A_{ADS}	$2r_B r_D \sin(\delta_B + \delta_D) \sin(\gamma) / R_{ADS}$
Dalitz analysis	
x_{\pm}	$r_B \cos(\delta_B \pm \gamma)$
y_{\pm}	$r_B \sin(\delta_B \pm \gamma)$

$$A = \frac{2r_B r_D \sin(\delta_B + \delta_D) \sin(\gamma)}{r_B^2 + r_D^2 + 2r_B r_D \cos(\delta_B + \delta_D) \cos(\gamma)}$$

$$r_B = \frac{|A(B^- \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 K^-)|}{|A(B^- \rightarrow D^0 K^-)|}$$

$$r_D = \frac{|A(D^0 \rightarrow f)|}{|A(\bar{D}^0 \rightarrow f)|}$$



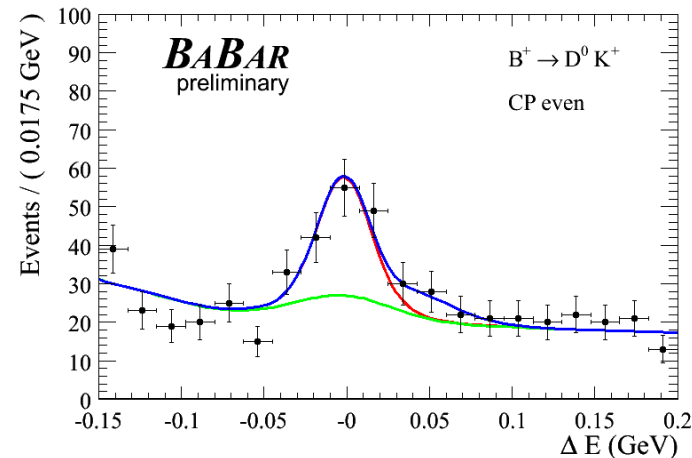
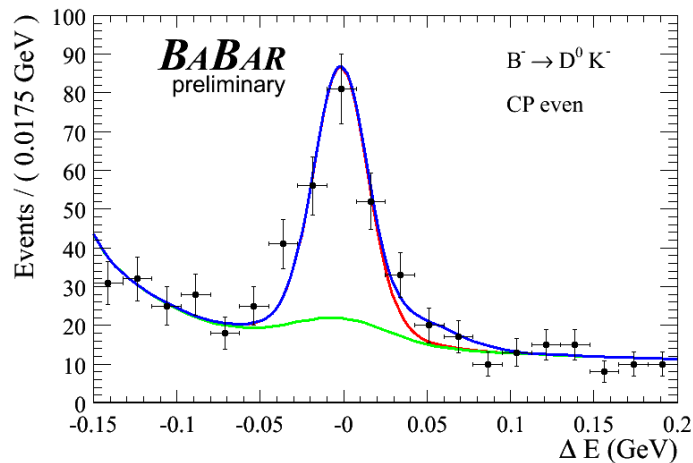
B → DK GLW update

Preliminary [arXiv:0708.1534](https://arxiv.org/abs/0708.1534)

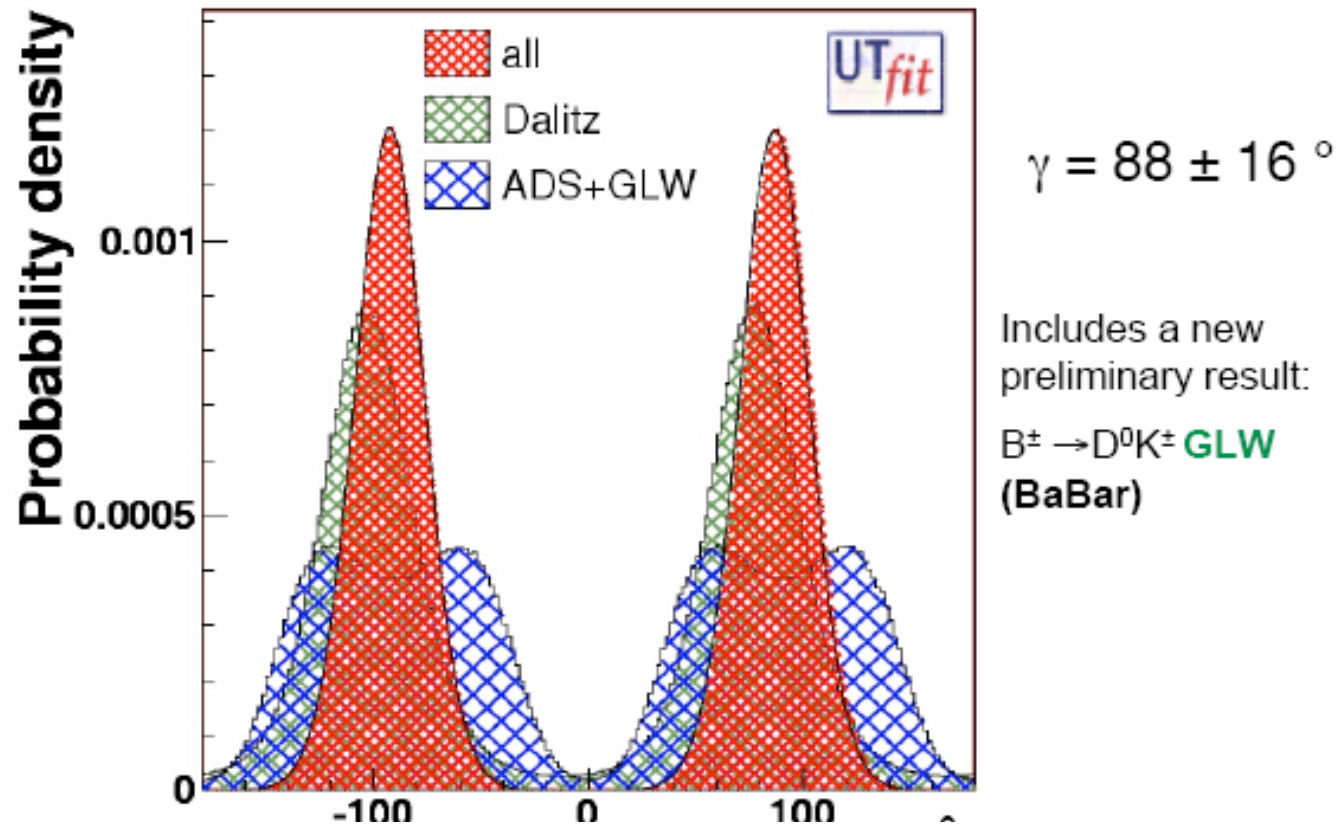
Table 3: Comparison of the preliminary results of this analysis to the previous measurements by *BABAR* [3] and Belle [4]. The decay mode $D^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 \phi$, used in the previous analyses, is not included in the present measurement.

Parameter	Present analysis	<i>BABAR</i> (2006) [3]	Belle (2006) [4]
R_{CP-}	$0.81 \pm 0.10 \pm 0.05$	$0.86 \pm 0.10 \pm 0.05$	$1.17 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.14$
R_{CP+}	$1.07 \pm 0.10 \pm 0.04$	$0.90 \pm 0.12 \pm 0.04$	$1.13 \pm 0.16 \pm 0.08$
A_{CP-}	$-0.19 \pm 0.12 \pm 0.02$	$-0.06 \pm 0.13 \pm 0.04$	$-0.12 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.05$
A_{CP+}	$0.35 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.05$	$0.35 \pm 0.13 \pm 0.04$	$0.06 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.05$

3.4 σ

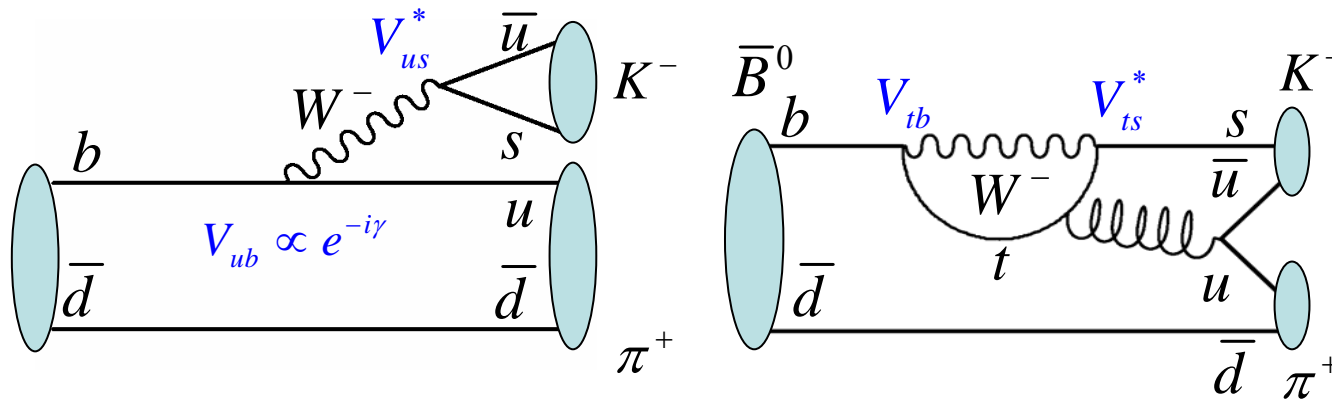


γ from tree processes



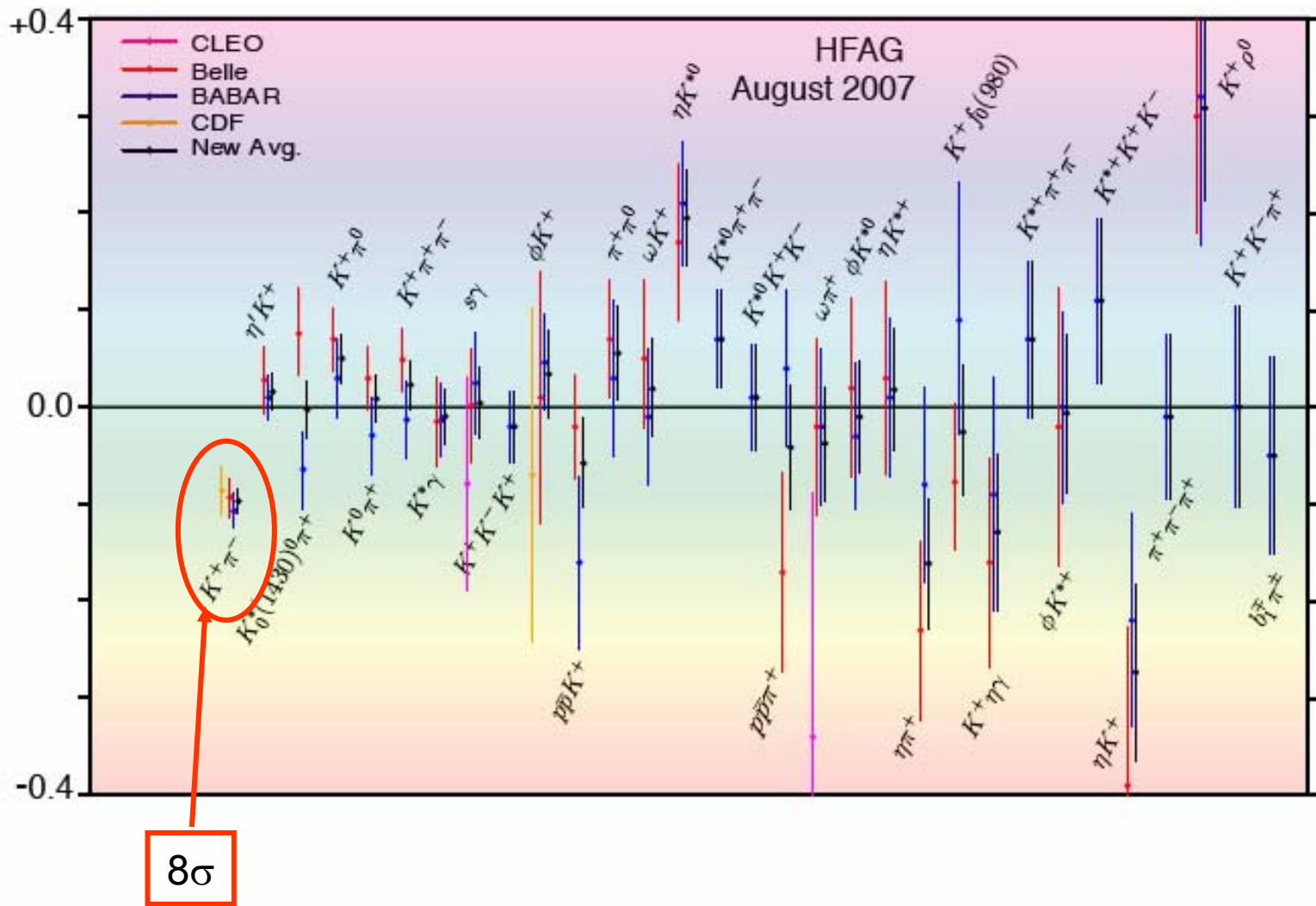
Direct CP violation in $B \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$

Interference between tree and penguin amplitudes produces a CP asymmetry in $B \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$.



$$\begin{aligned} \text{ACP}(K^+\pi^-) &= -0.133 \pm 0.030 \pm 0.009 \\ \text{ACP}(K^+\pi^0) &= 0.030 \pm 0.039 \pm 0.10 \end{aligned}$$

CP Asymmetry in Charmless B Decays



CKM fits



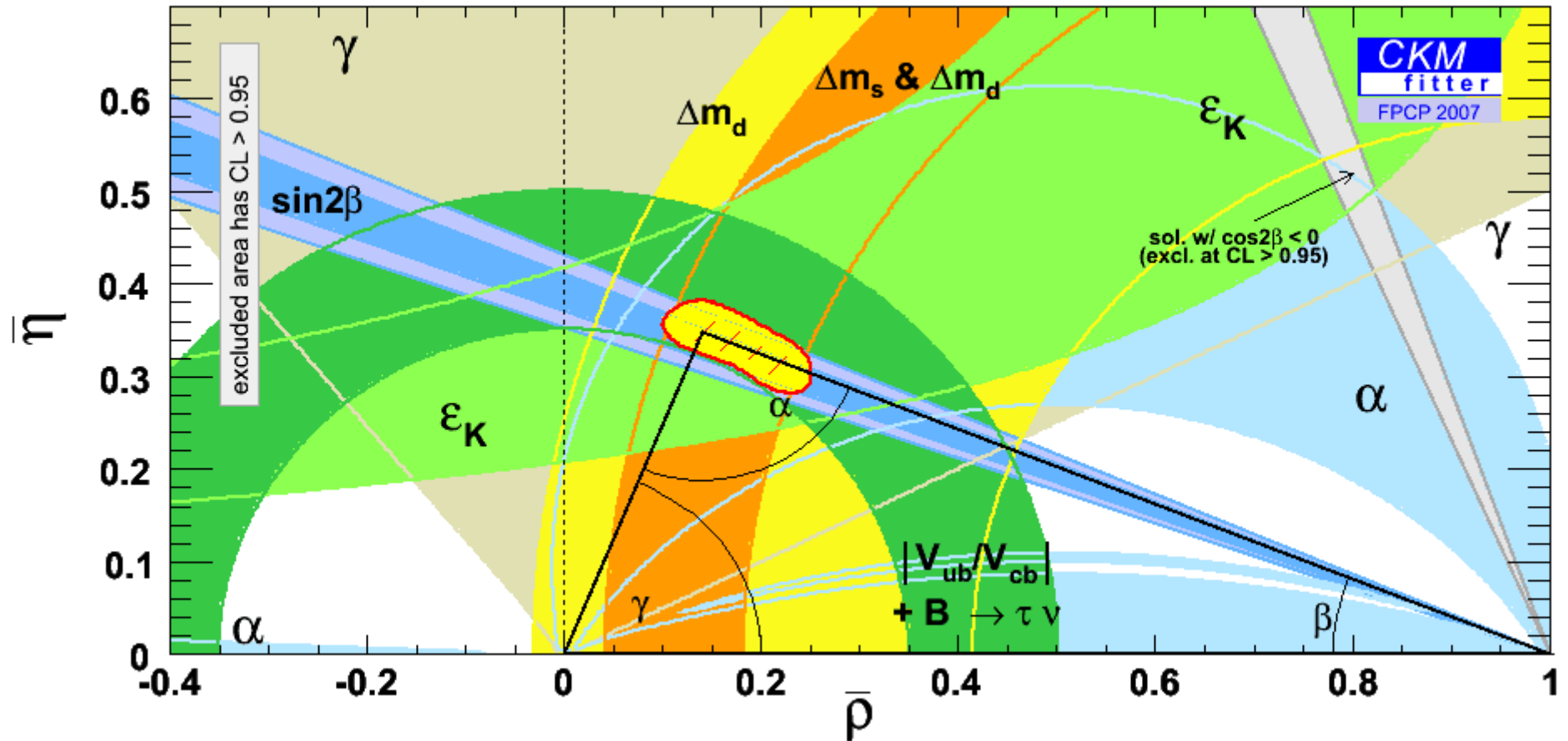
http://www.slac.stanford.edu/xorg/ckmfitter/plots_fpcp07/ckmEval_results_fpcp07.html



<http://utfit.roma1.infn.it/ckm-results/ckm-results.html#summ>

- synthesize the measurements with different statistical assumptions
- Other measurements not covered here are input to the fits, among which:
 - Bs mixing, UT sides

CKM fits



CP conserving quantities
25/8/07 XIII-Lomonosov

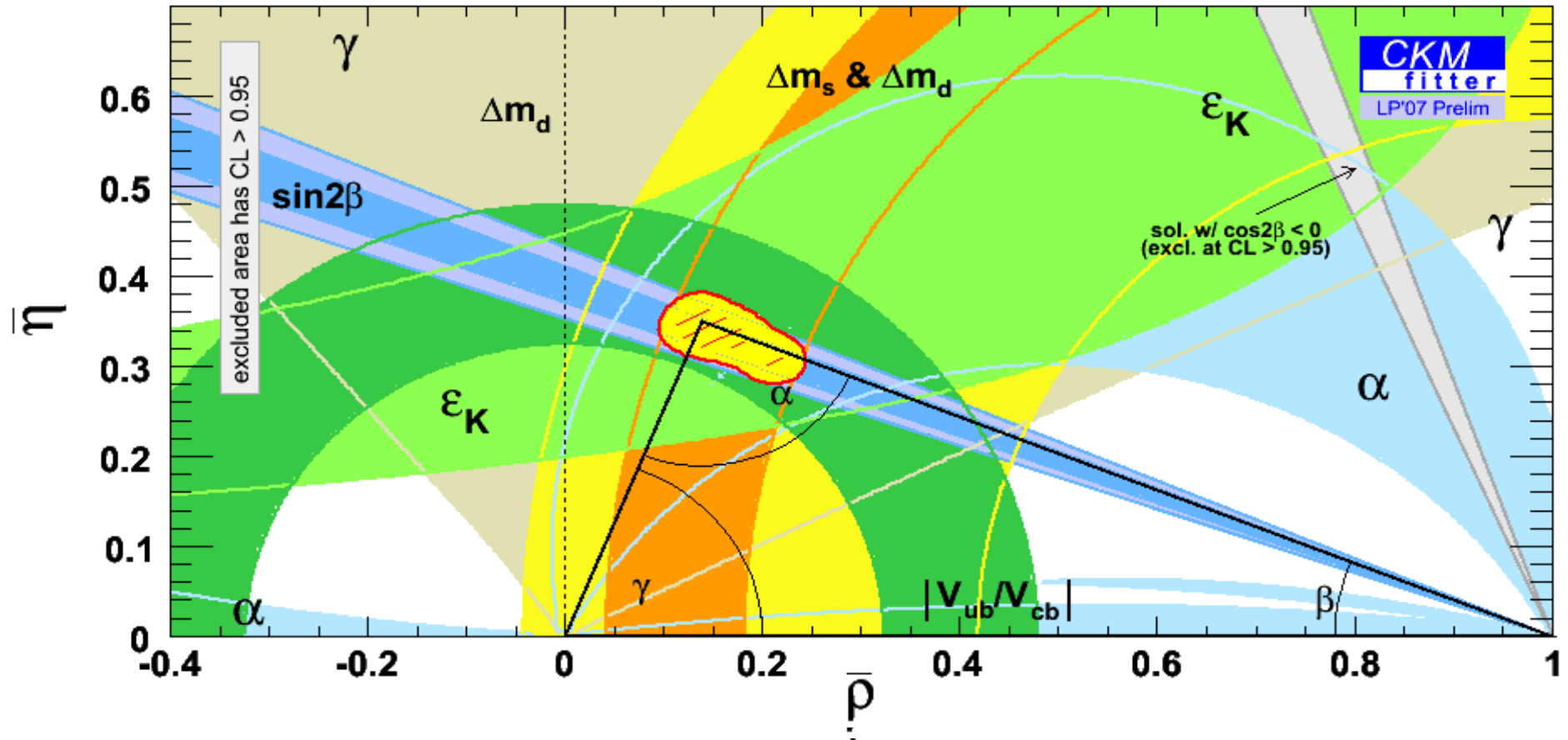
CP violating quantities
J.Chauveau CPV in B and CKM

Loops

Full fit
33

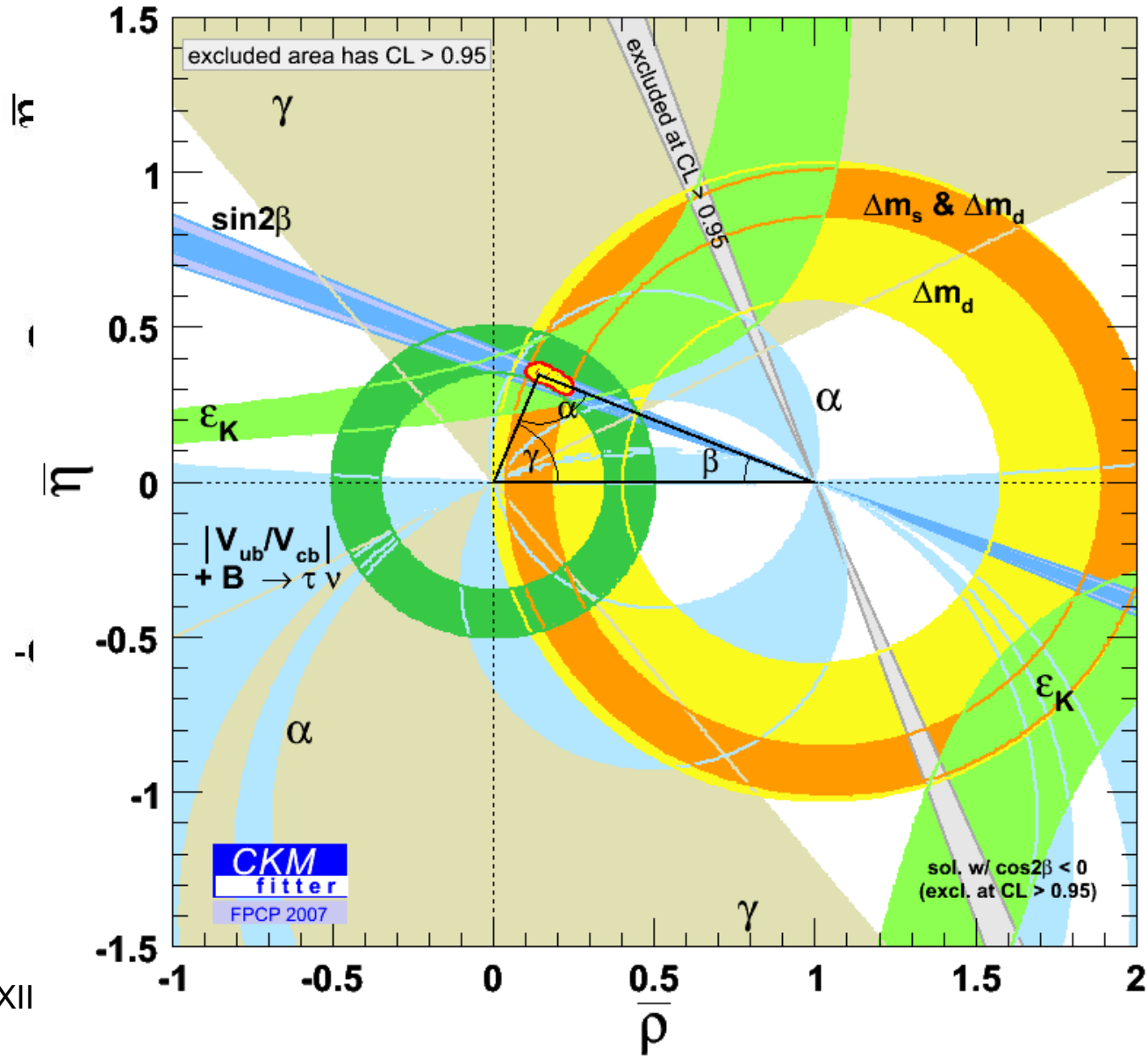
CKMfitter at LP07

Full Fit LP07



Angles only

Global CKM Fits

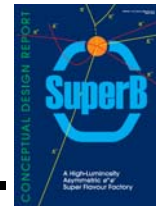


Summary and perspectives

- With 1.15 ab^{-1} the B factories have validated the CKM model.
- NP effects actively looked for have not shown up.
- **Amplitudes analyses** bring precision on quasi-2-body final states.
- PEP2/BABAR: one more year. 1st generation B factories ending.
Expect final results 2009-12.

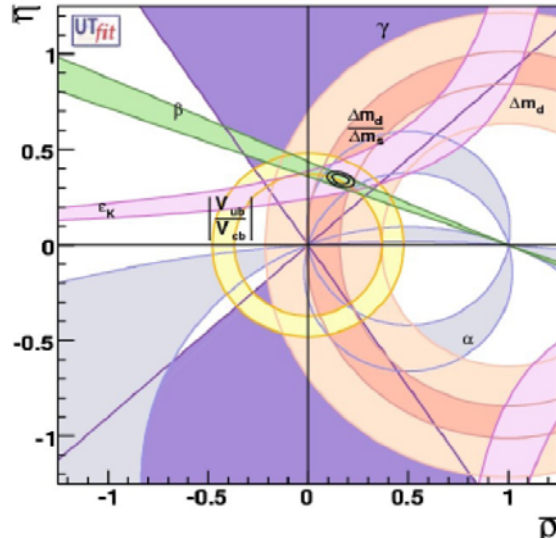


- TeVatron impact via Δm_s and now more.
- LHCb: major contributions forthcoming.
- New e^+e^- machines (Super B, or SFF) under study.

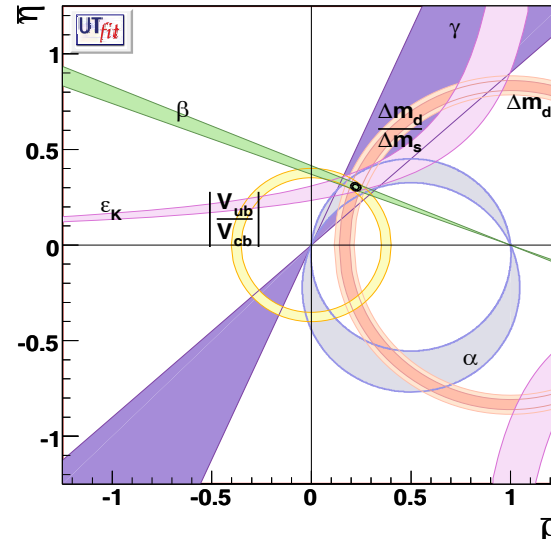


Outlook at LP07

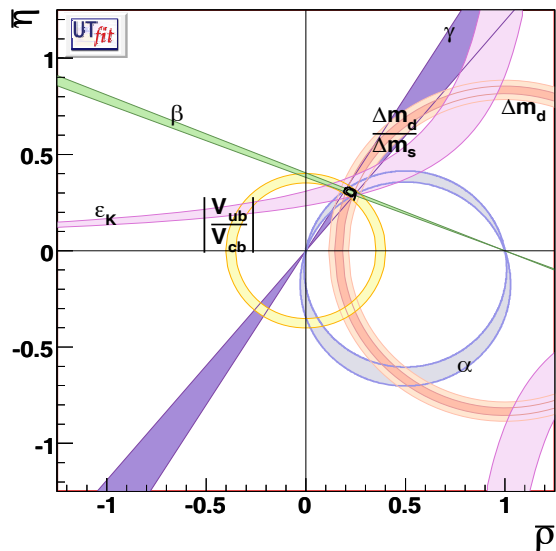
Now



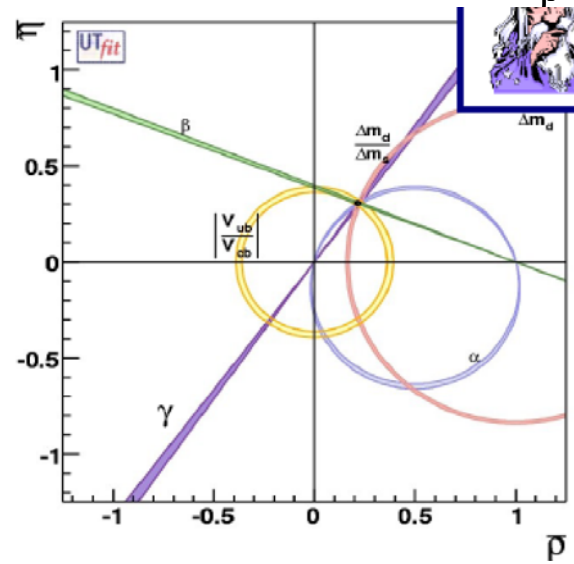
B factory



LHCb



Super B



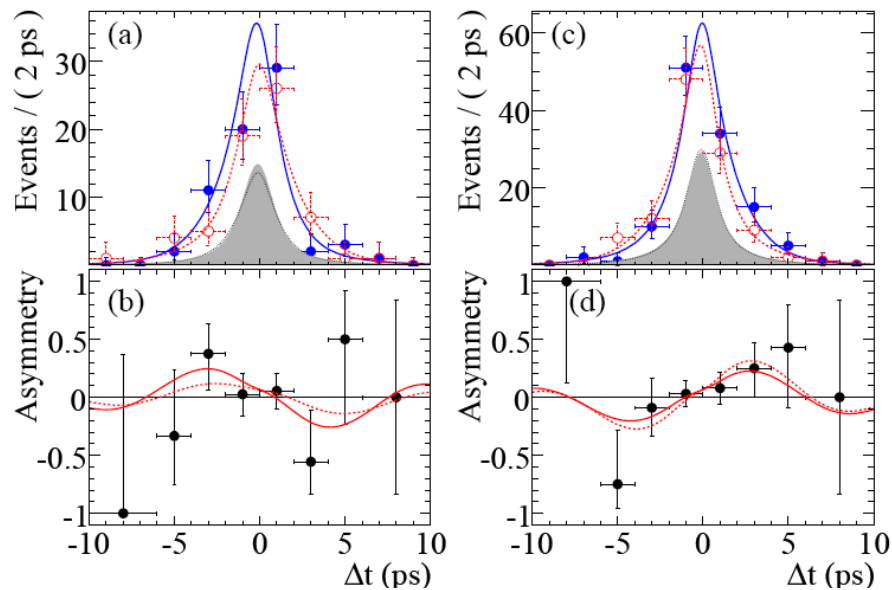
Backup slides

$b \rightarrow c \bar{u} d \quad B \rightarrow D^0 h^0$

No Penguin !

Fleischer, NPB 659, 321 (2003),
PLB 562,234 (2003).

$D^0 \rightarrow$ CP eigenstate
 CP even CP odd



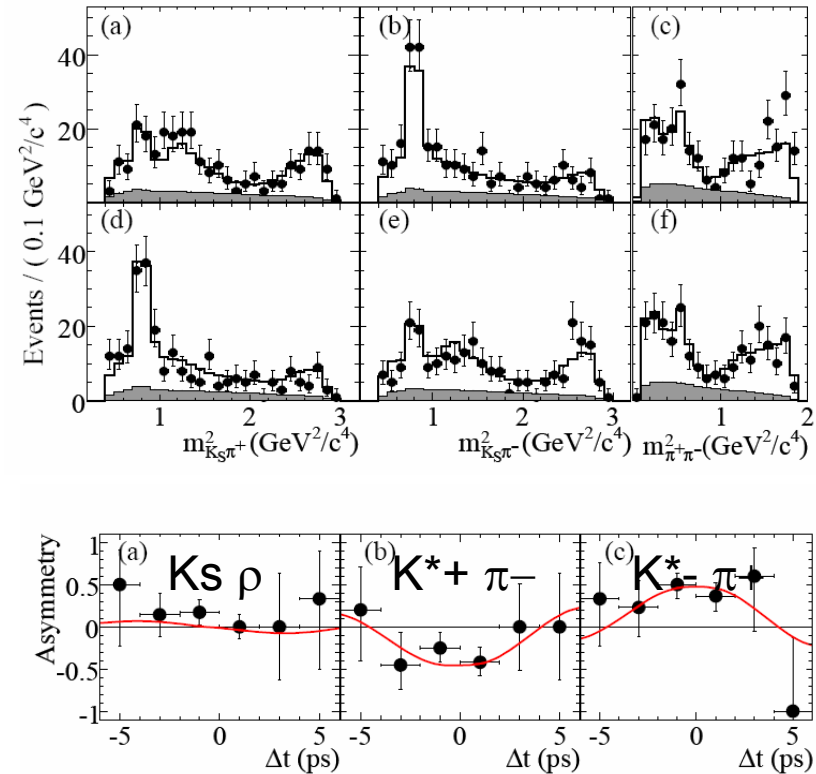
Preliminary, hep-ex/0703019

$$S = -0.56 \pm 0.23 \pm 0.05$$

$$C = -0.23 \pm 0.15 \pm 0.04$$

SM expectation $S = -\sin 2\beta$

$D^0 \rightarrow K_s \pi^+ \pi^-$ Dalitz



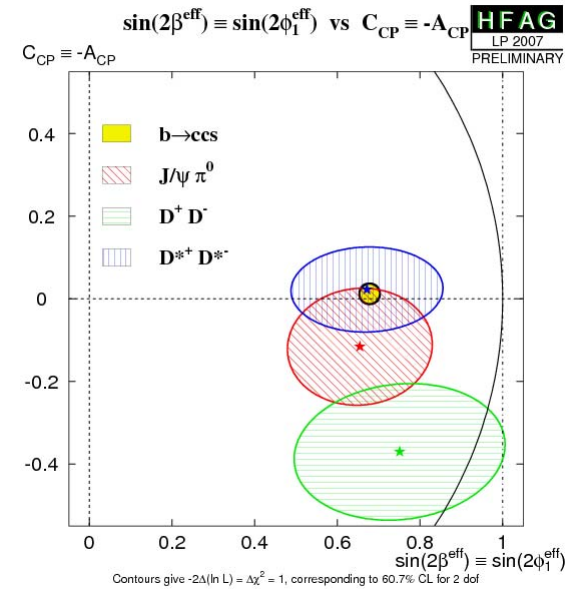
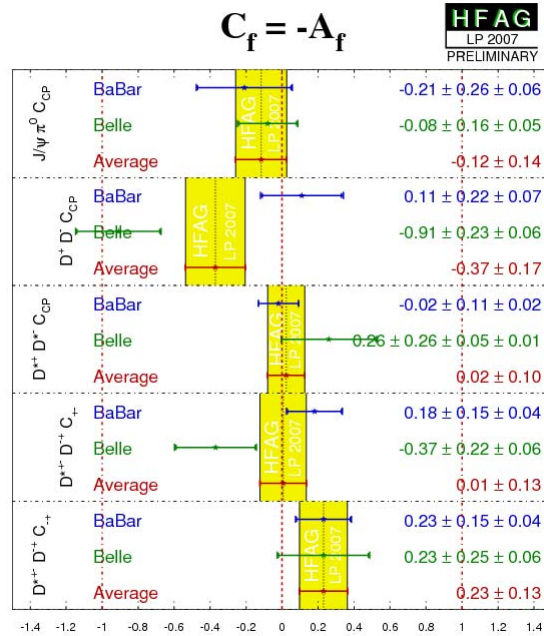
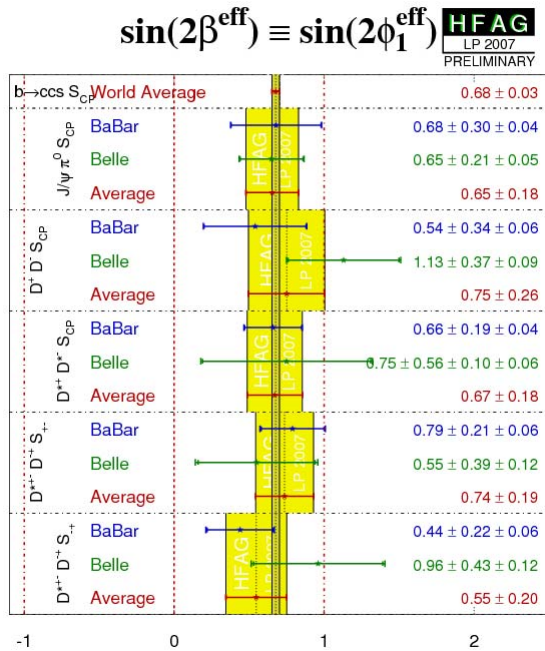
Preliminary, arXiv: 0708.1549

$$S = 0.29 \pm 0.34 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.05$$

$$C = 0.42 \pm 0.49 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.13$$

$\cos 2b > 0$ @86% c.l.

$b \rightarrow cc\text{-bar} d$



$b \rightarrow qq\text{-bar } s$ (penguin) $K_S K^+ K^-$

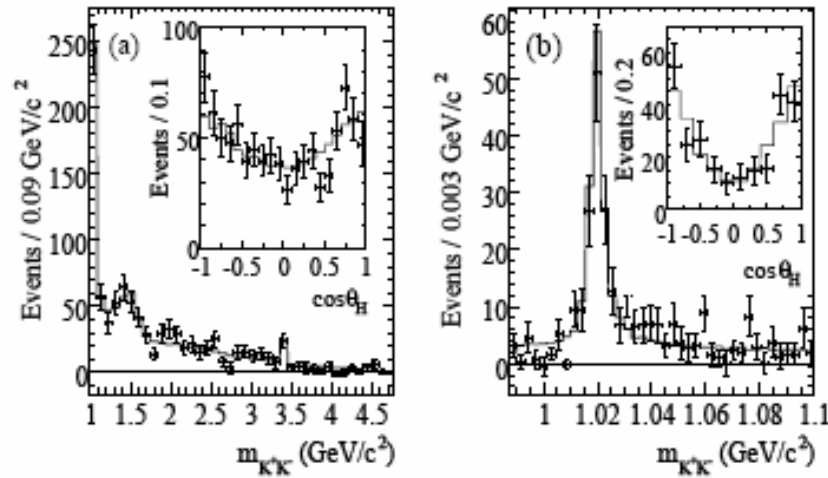


FIG. 2: The distributions of $m_{K^+ K^-}$ for signal-weighted [23] $B_{(+)}^0$ data in (a) the entire DP and (b) the low-mass region. Insets show distributions of $\cos \theta_H$. The histograms are projections of the fit function for the corresponding result.

TABLE II: The CP -asymmetries for $B^0 \rightarrow K^+ K^- K^0$ for the entire DP, in the high-mass region, and for ϕK^0 and $f_0 K^0$ in the low-mass region. The first errors are statistical and the second are systematic. The solutions (1) and (2) from the low-mass fit are discussed in the text.

	A_{CP}	β_{eff} (rad)
Whole DP	$-0.015 \pm 0.077 \pm 0.053$	$0.352 \pm 0.076 \pm 0.026$
High-mass	$-0.054 \pm 0.102 \pm 0.060$	$0.436 \pm 0.087^{+0.055}_{-0.031}$
(1) ϕK^0	$-0.08 \pm 0.18 \pm 0.04$	$0.11 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.06$
(1) $f_0 K^0$	$0.41 \pm 0.23 \pm 0.07$	$0.14 \pm 0.15 \pm 0.05$
(2) ϕK^0	-0.11 ± 0.18	0.10 ± 0.13
(2) $f_0 K^0$	-0.20 ± 0.31	3.09 ± 0.19

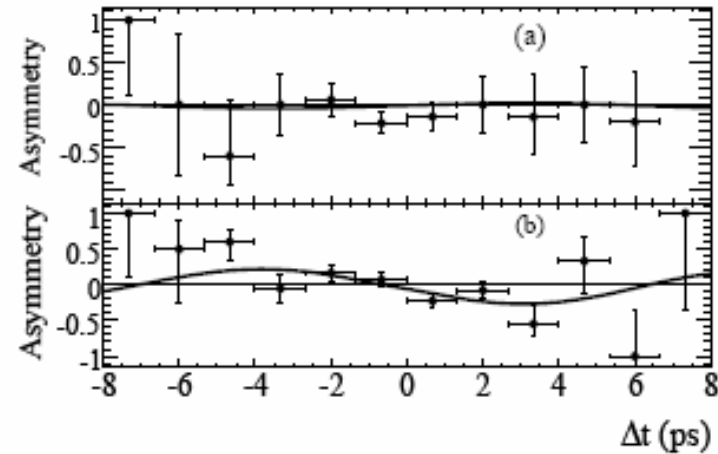


FIG. 3: The raw asymmetry between B^0 - and \bar{B}^0 -tagged signal-weighted [23] events for $B_{(+)}^0$, in (a) the low-mass region and (b) the high-mass region. The curves are projections of the corresponding fit results.

$20.2 \pm 4.3 \pm 1.5$ degrees

25.0

6 ± 8

8 ± 8

6 ± 7

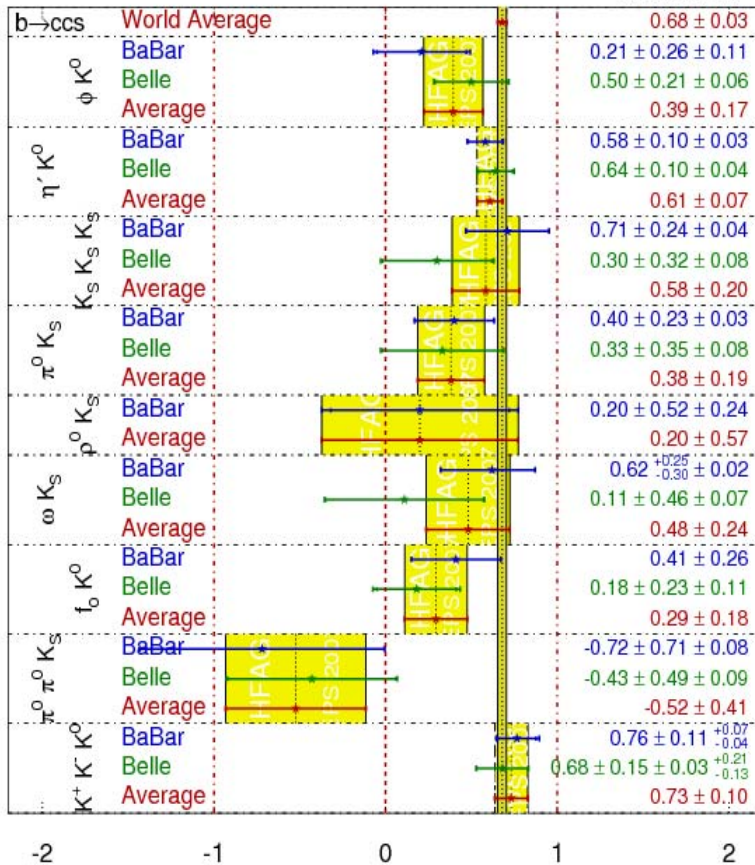
177 ± 11



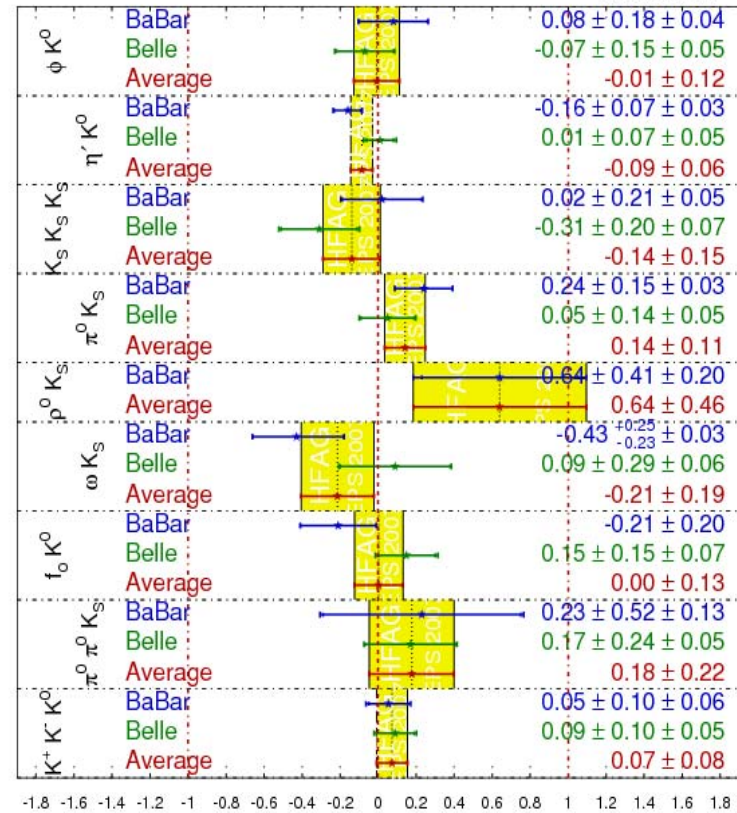
CPV established at 4.8σ
 $\pi - \beta_{eff}$ disfavored at $4.5 \sigma_{41}$

$b \rightarrow q \bar{q} s$ vs $c \bar{c} s$ (EPS)

$$\sin(2\beta^{\text{eff}}) \equiv \sin(2\phi_1^{\text{eff}}) \quad \text{HFAG} \quad \text{EPS 2007} \quad \text{PRELIMINARY}$$



$$C_f = -A_f \quad \text{HFAG} \quad \text{EPS 2007} \quad \text{PRELIMINARY}$$



$b \rightarrow qq\text{-bar } s$ (penguin)
 $K_S \pi^0 \pi^0$

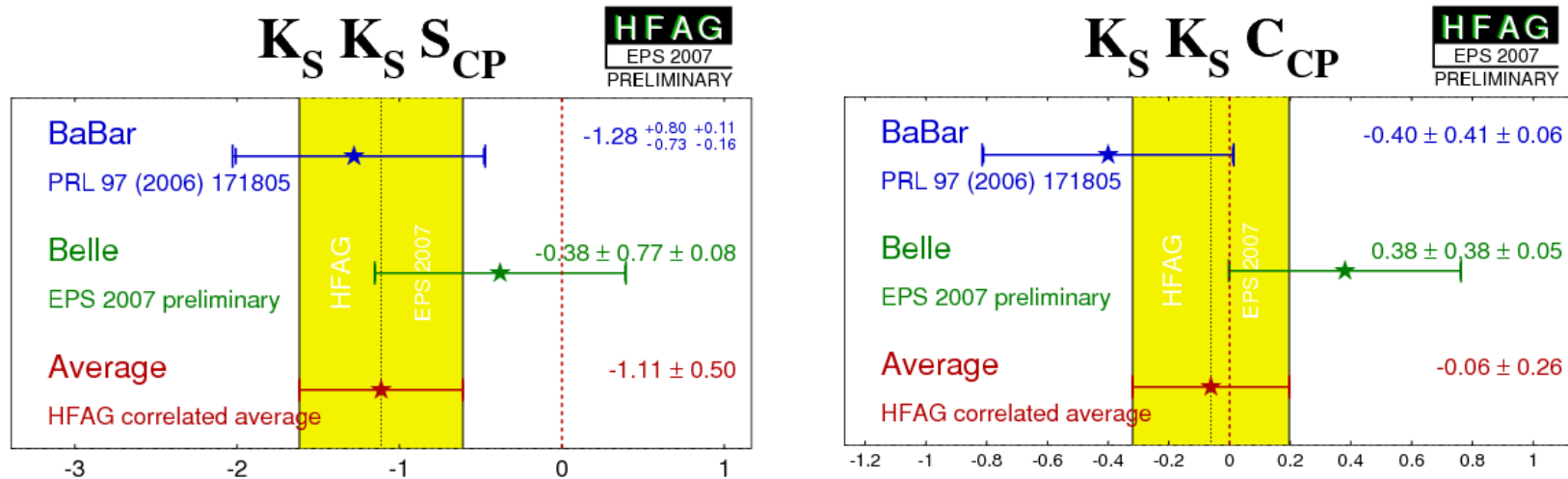
$S = -0.43 + 0.25 - 0.23 \pm 0.03$ (expectation = +0.7)

$C = 0.17 \pm 0.24 \pm 0.05$

[arXiv:0708.1845v2](https://arxiv.org/abs/0708.1845v2) [hep-ex]

$b \rightarrow qq\text{-bar} d$ (penguin)

- Add the results on $K_S K_S$ new from BELLE at EPS



- B to s gamma covered by Tulay Donszelmann this afternoon

GGSZ

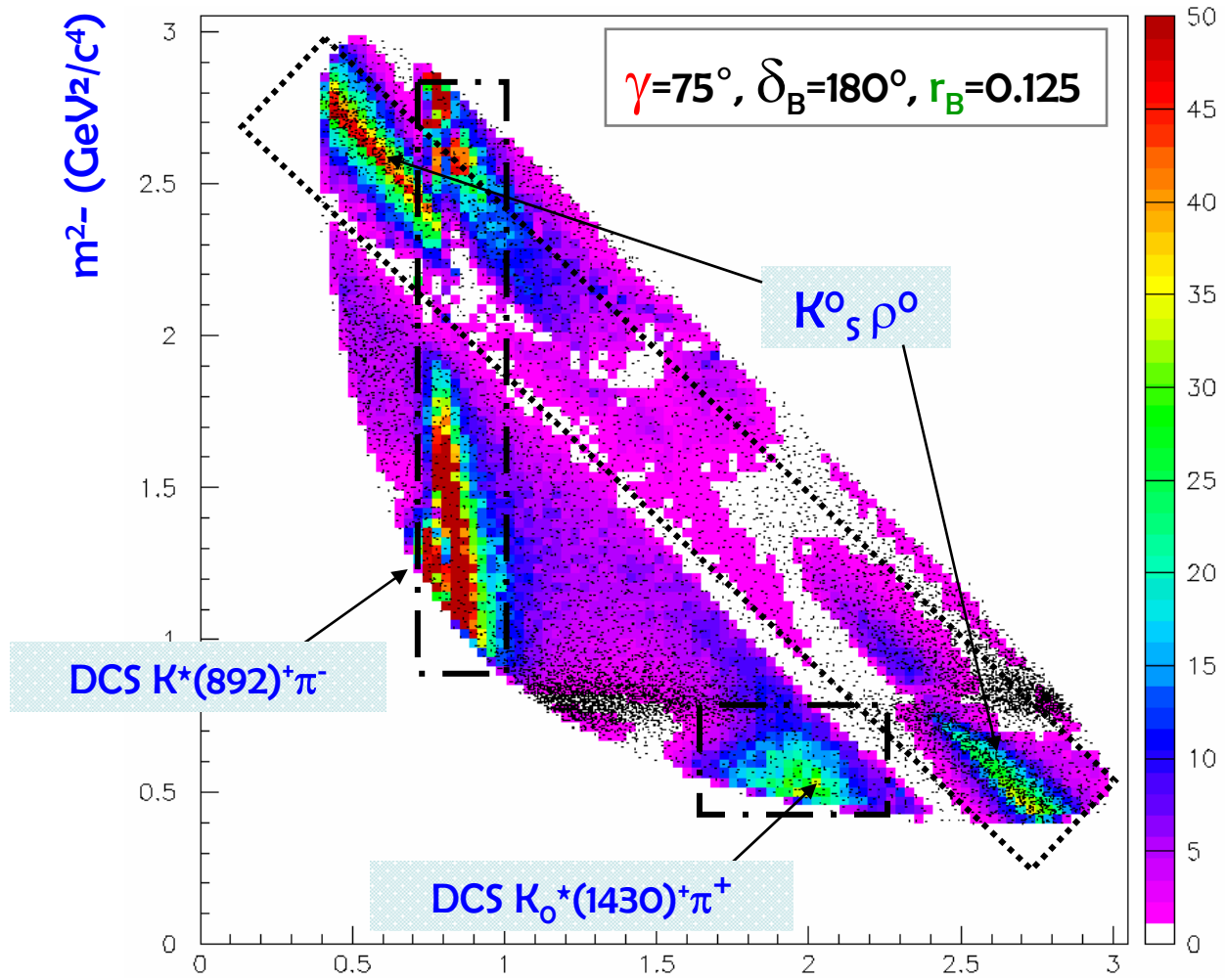
$D^0 \rightarrow K_S \pi^+ \pi^-$

$$\mathcal{A}(B^-) = |\mathcal{A}_B(D^0 K^-)| \times \left(\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \text{m}^{2+} \\ \begin{array}{c} \text{D}^0 \\ \begin{array}{c} \text{3} \\ \text{2} \\ \text{1.5} \\ \text{1} \\ \text{0.5} \\ \text{0.5} \end{array} \\ \text{0.5} \quad \text{1} \quad \text{1.5} \quad \text{2} \quad \text{2.5} \quad \text{3} \\ \text{m}^{2-} \\ \times \mathcal{A}_D(m^{2-}, m^{2+}) \end{array} \end{array} + r_B e^{i(\delta_B - \gamma)} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \text{m}^{2-} \\ \begin{array}{c} \text{D}^0 \\ \begin{array}{c} \text{3} \\ \text{2} \\ \text{1.5} \\ \text{1} \\ \text{0.5} \\ \text{0.5} \end{array} \\ \text{0.5} \quad \text{1} \quad \text{1.5} \quad \text{2} \quad \text{2.5} \quad \text{3} \\ \text{m}^{2+} \\ \times \mathcal{A}_D(m^{2+}, m^{2-}) \end{array} \end{array} \right)$$

Also $D^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$

Dalitz method: sensitivity to γ

... varies strongly across the Dalitz $K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$ plot !



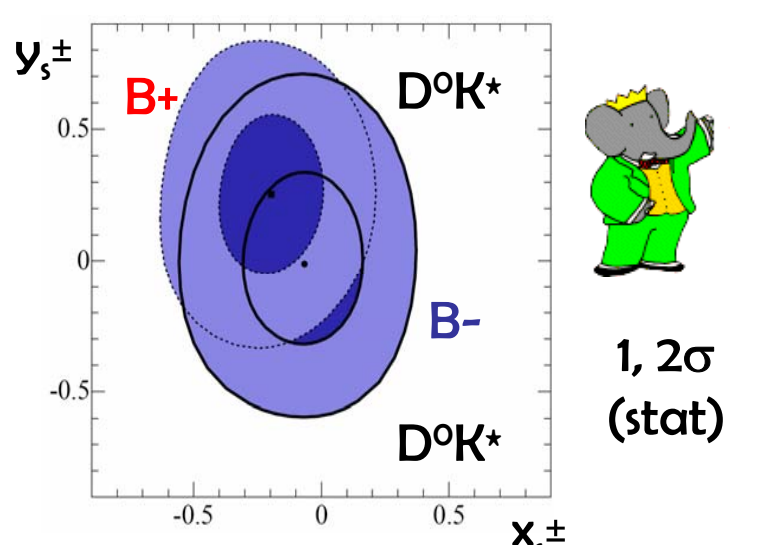
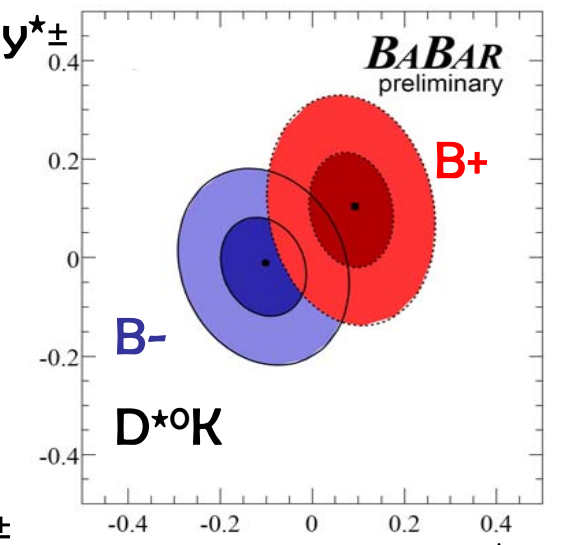
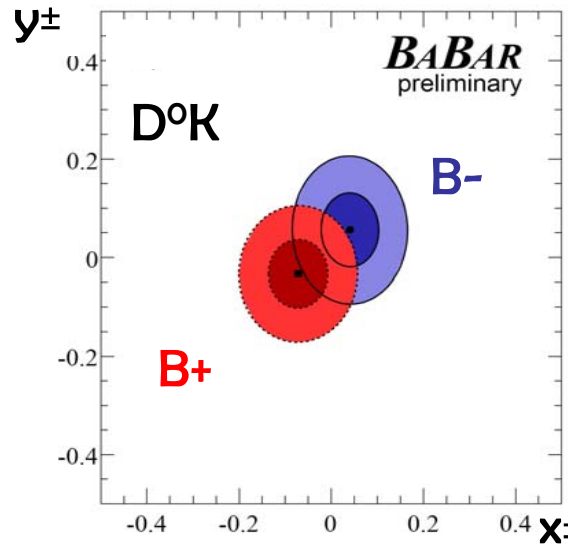
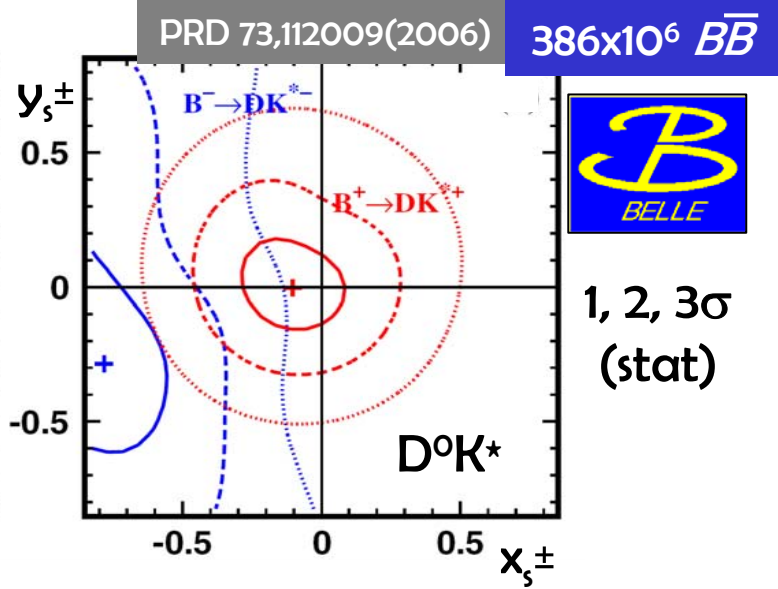
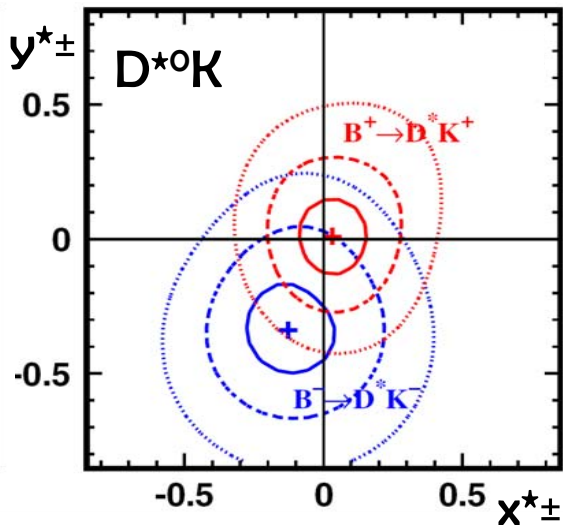
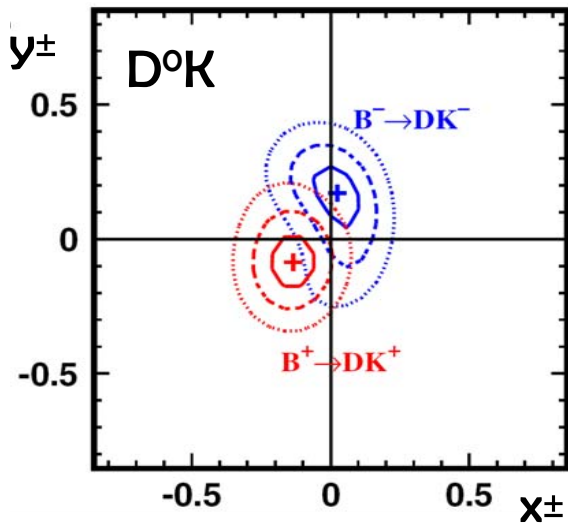
Relative event weight:

$W = 1 / (d^2\mathcal{L} / d\gamma^2)$ and
 $\sigma^2(\gamma) \sim 1/W$

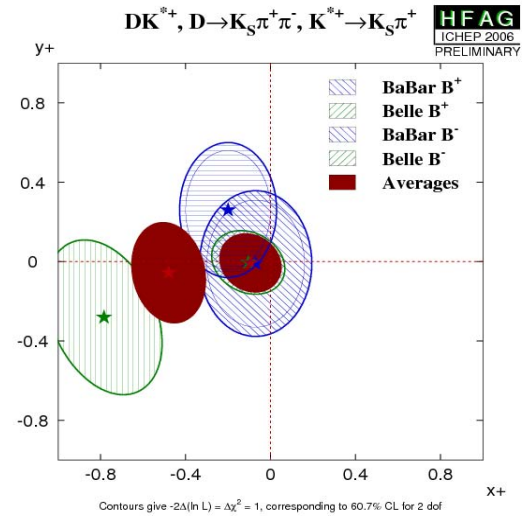
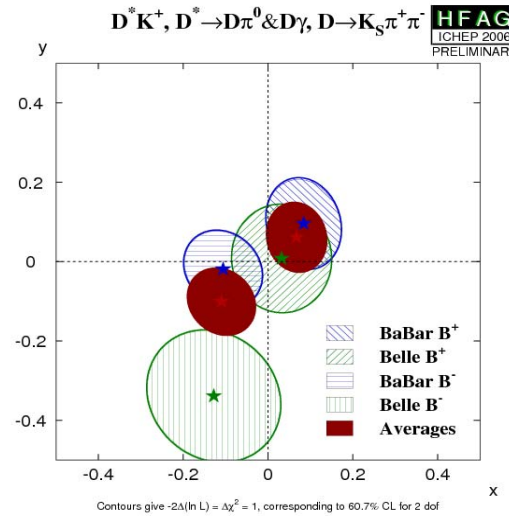
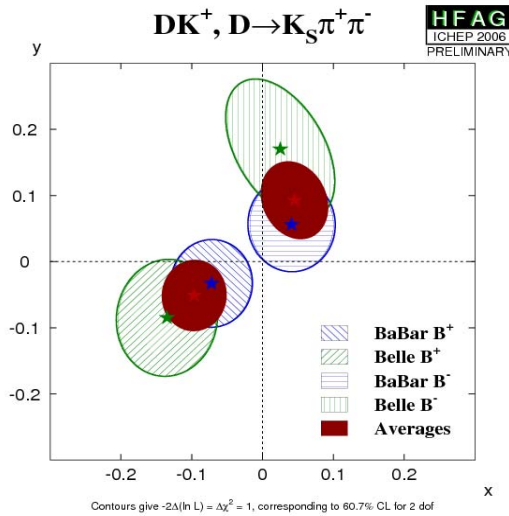
Interference of
 $B^- \rightarrow D^0 K^-, D^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 \rho^0$
 with
 $B^- \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 K^-, \bar{D}^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 \rho^0$
 \equiv **GLW like**

Interference of
 $B^- \rightarrow D^0 K^-, D^0 \rightarrow K^{*+} \pi^-$
 (suppressed) with
 $B^- \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 K^-, \bar{D}^0 \rightarrow K^{*+} \pi^-$
 \equiv **ADS like**

(x_{\pm}, y_{\pm}) : Fits results BABAR and Belle



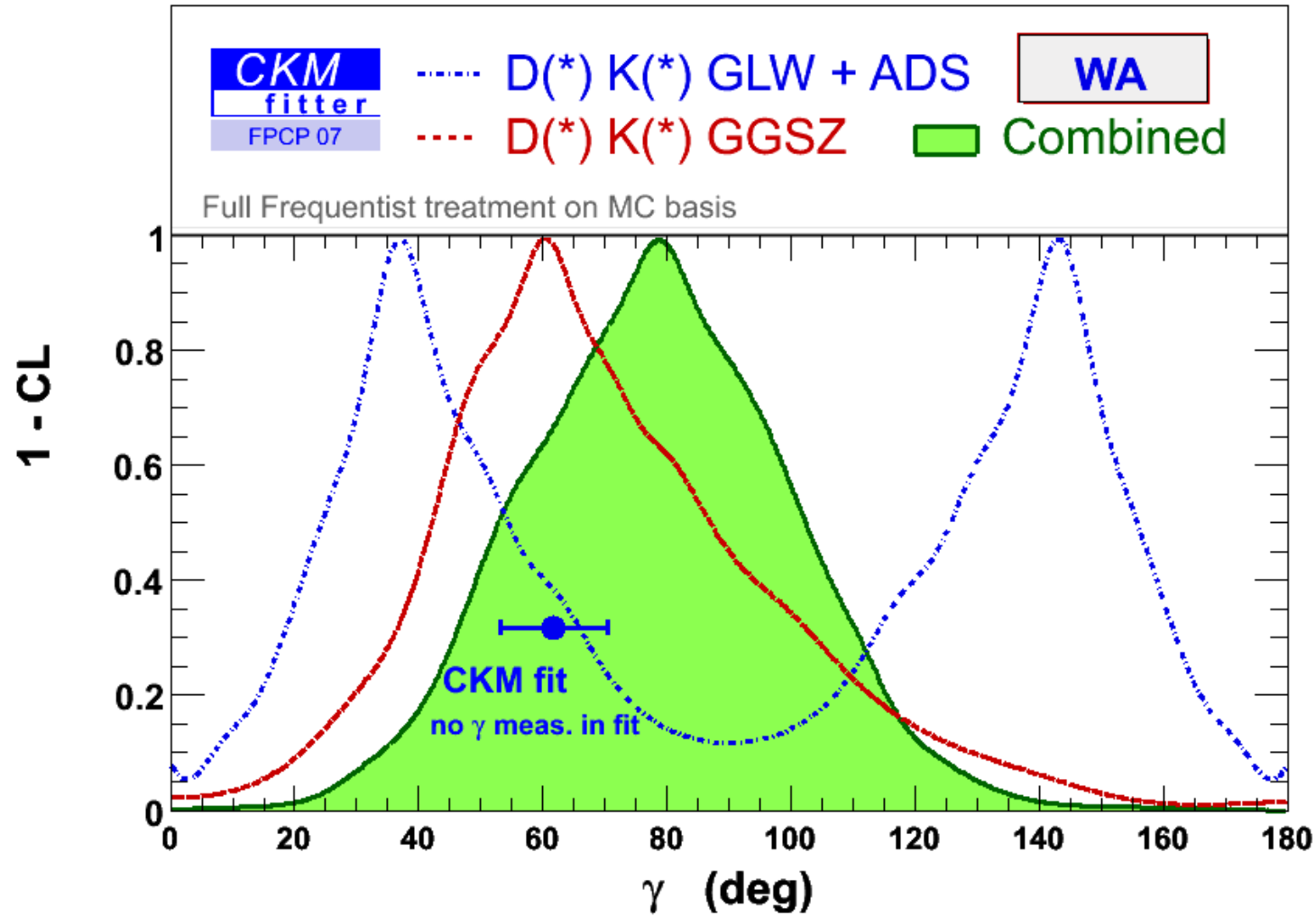
HFAG Compilation



$D0 \rightarrow K_S \pi^+ \pi^-$	χ^+	Υ^+	χ^-	Υ^-
-0.097 ± 0.045	-0.051 ± 0.053	0.045 ± 0.047	0.093 ± 0.058	
0.067 ± 0.071	0.061 ± 0.088	-0.110 ± 0.080	-0.101 ± 0.085	
-0.094 ± 0.144	-0.007 ± 0.146	-0.480 ± 0.173	-0.056 ± 0.253	

$D0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$	ρ^+	θ^+	ρ^-	θ^-
0.75 ± 0.12	$(147 \pm 23)^\circ$	0.72 ± 0.12	$(173 \pm 42)^\circ$	

γ combined





http://www.slac.stanford.edu/xorg/ckmfitter/plots_fpcp07/ckmEval_results_fpcp07.html



<http://utfit.roma1.infn.it/ckm-results/ckm-results.html#summ>

CKM

$$V = \begin{pmatrix} V_{ud} & V_{us} & V_{ub} \\ V_{cd} & V_{cs} & V_{cb} \\ V_{td} & V_{ts} & V_{tb} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 - \lambda^2/2 & \lambda & A\lambda^3(\rho - i\eta) \\ -\lambda & 1 - \lambda^2/2 & A\lambda^2 \\ A\lambda^3(1 - \rho - i\eta) & -A\lambda^2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^4)$$

$$V_{ud}V_{ub}^* + V_{cd}V_{cb}^* + V_{td}V_{tb}^* = 0.$$

$$\alpha \equiv \phi_2 = \arg \left[-\frac{V_{td}V_{tb}^*}{V_{ud}V_{ub}^*} \right], \quad \beta \equiv \phi_1 = \arg \left[-\frac{V_{cd}V_{cb}^*}{V_{td}V_{tb}^*} \right], \quad \gamma \equiv \phi_3 = \arg \left[-\frac{V_{ud}V_{ub}^*}{V_{cd}V_{cb}^*} \right]$$

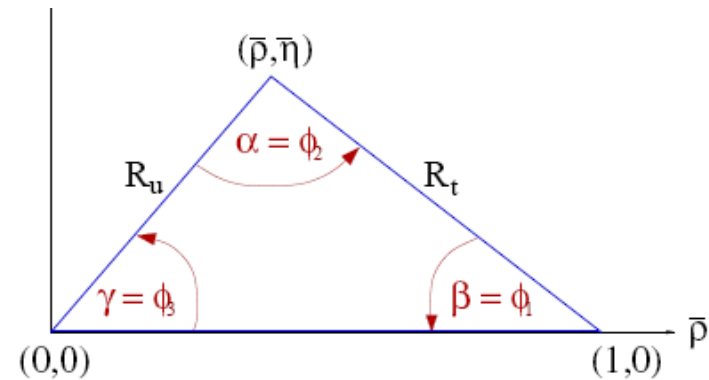
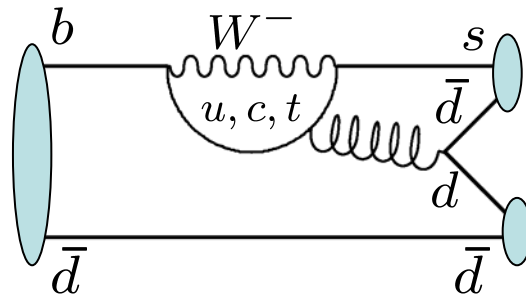
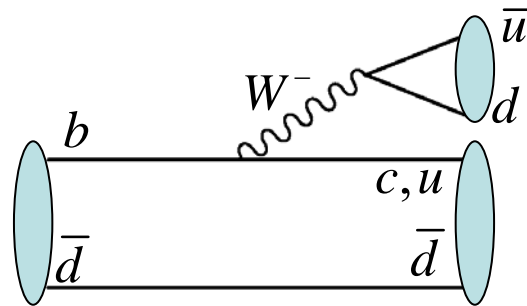
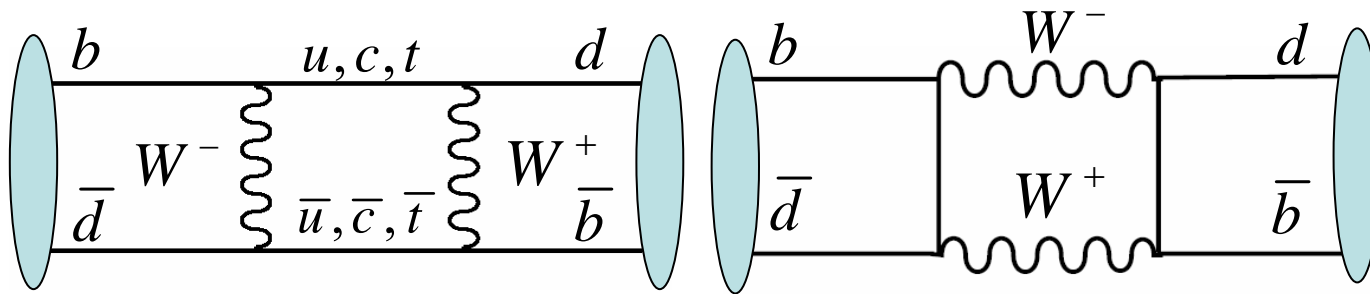


Figure 9: The Unitarity Triangle.



Calculating λ for specific final states

$$B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \quad \lambda = \frac{V_{tb}^* V_{td}}{V_{tb} V_{td}^*} \cdot \frac{V_{ud}^* V_{ub}}{V_{ud} V_{ub}^*} \quad \text{Im}(\lambda) = \sin(2\alpha)$$

$(b \rightarrow u\bar{u}d)$ (assuming only tree diagram for illustration)

$$B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K_S^0 \quad \lambda = (-1) \cdot \frac{V_{tb}^* V_{td}}{V_{tb} V_{td}^*} \cdot \frac{V_{cs}^* V_{cb}}{V_{cs} V_{cb}^*} \cdot \frac{V_{cd}^* V_{cs}}{V_{cd} V_{cs}^*} \quad \text{Im}(\lambda) = \sin(2\beta)$$

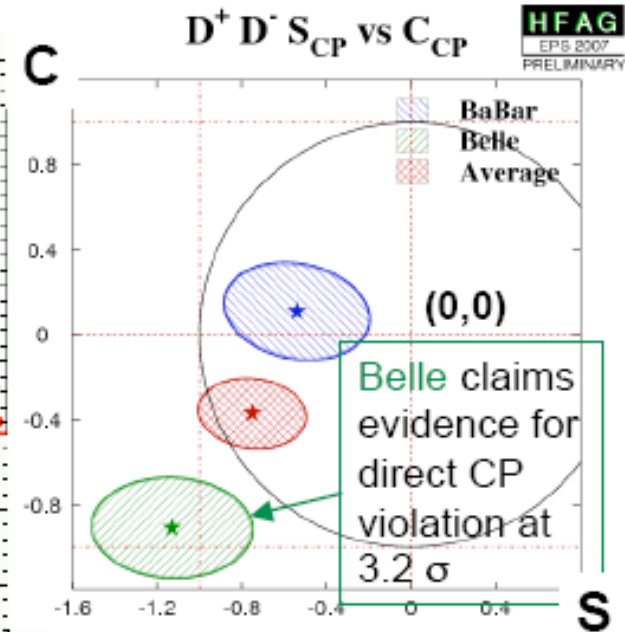
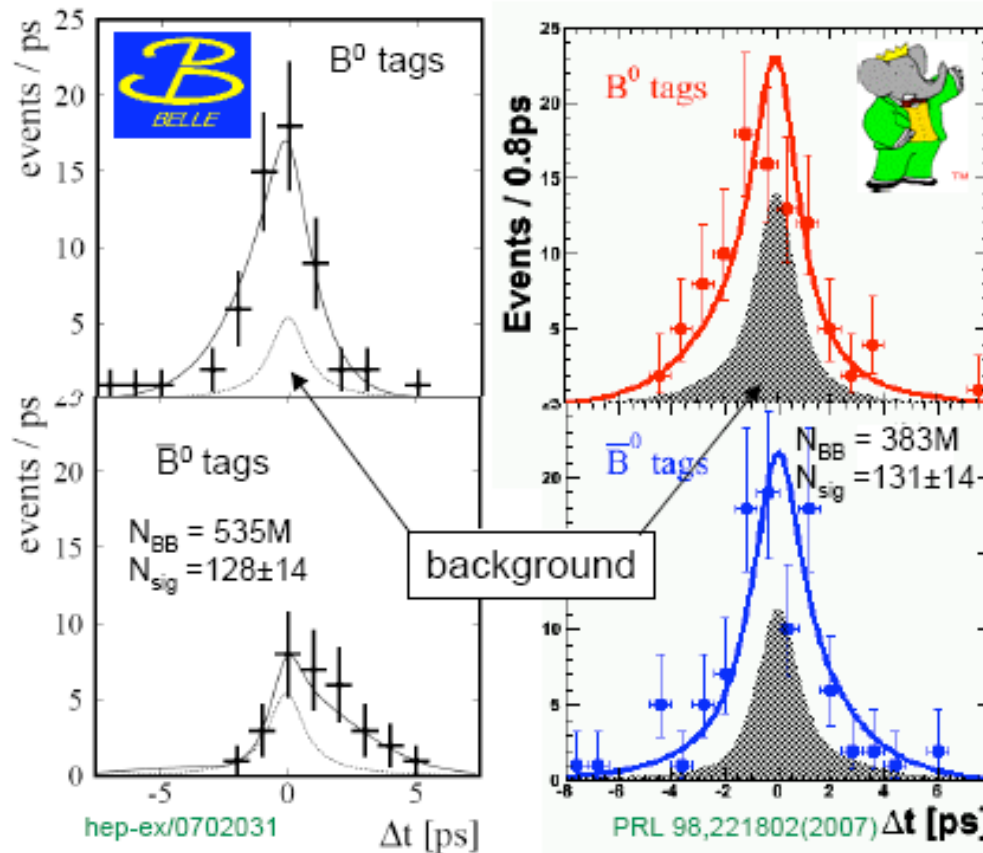
$(b \rightarrow c\bar{c}s) \times (K^0 \rightarrow K_S^0)$

$$B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K_L^0 \quad \lambda = (+1) \cdot \frac{V_{tb}^* V_{td}}{V_{tb} V_{td}^*} \cdot \frac{V_{cs}^* V_{cb}}{V_{cs} V_{cb}^*} \cdot \frac{V_{cd}^* V_{cs}}{V_{cd} V_{cs}^*} \quad \text{Im}(\lambda) = -\sin(2\beta)$$

$(b \rightarrow c\bar{c}s) \times (K^0 \rightarrow K_L^0)$



S and C in $B^0 \rightarrow D^+D^- : b \rightarrow c\bar{c}d$



$$C_{CP}(B^0 \rightarrow D^+D^-) = -0.91 \pm 0.23 \pm 0.06$$

$$C_{CP}(B^0 \rightarrow D^+D^-) = +0.11 \pm 0.22 \pm 0.07$$

New Belle Result:

$$A_{CP}(B^+ \rightarrow D^+D^0) = 0.01 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.02$$

BELLE-CONF-0762 Preliminary

Agreement on C has CL=0.003

⇒ **>3.0σ discrepancy**

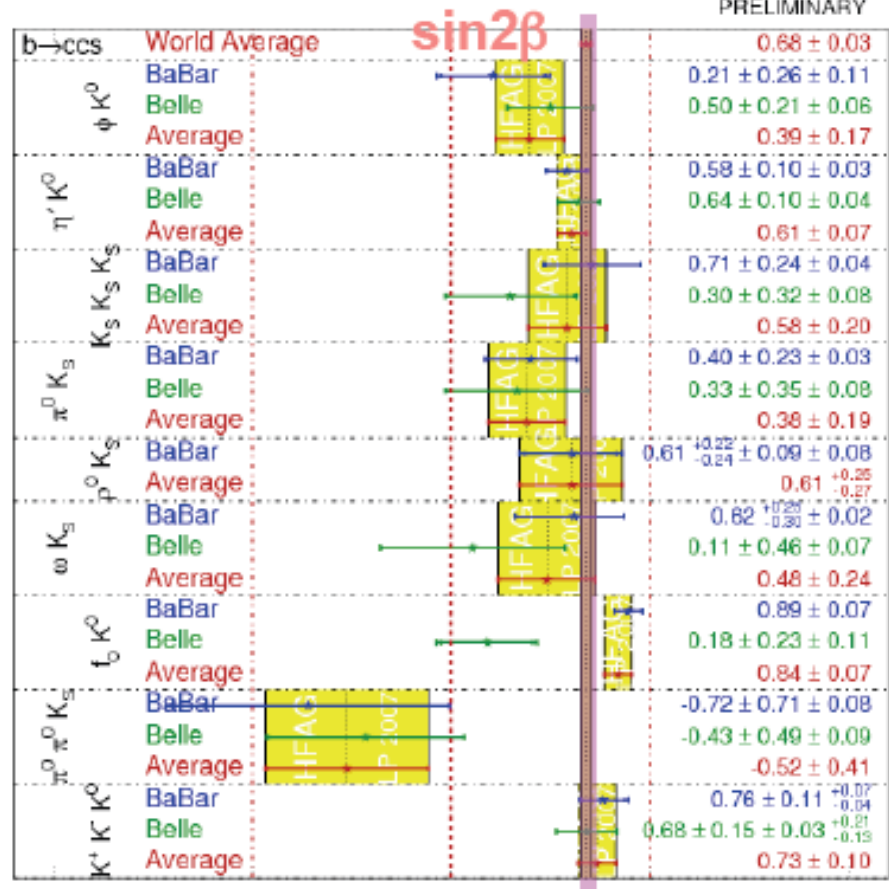




sin2β in b→sqq Penguins

$$S_f = -\sin 2\beta_{eff}$$

HFAG
LP 2007
PRELIMINARY



$$\langle \sin 2\beta_{eff} \rangle = 0.67 \pm 0.04$$

1% CL for the average

New naïve HFAG average <1σ from the naïve golden mode sin2β value



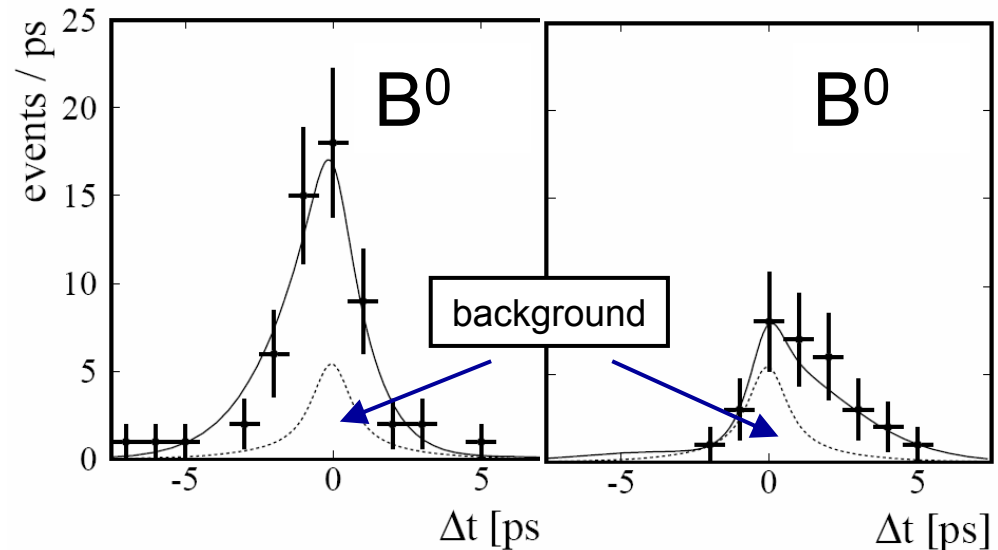
◆ = New/Updated
BaBar/Belle Result

Belle's CPV in $B^0 \rightarrow D^+D^-$

Belle @ CKM 2006
($N_{BB} = 535M$):

*Different decay rate for
 $B^0 \rightarrow D^+D^-$ and $B^0 \rightarrow D^+D^-$!*

*Evidence for large direct CP
violation in $B \rightarrow D^+D^-$
(hep-ex/0702031)*



$$\eta S = 1.13 \pm 0.37 \pm 0.09$$

$$C = -0.91 \pm 0.23 \pm 0.06 \quad (3.2\sigma)$$

Belle @ LP 2007
($N_{BB} = 657M$):

$$A_{CP} = (B^+ \rightarrow D^+ \bar{D}^0) = 0.01 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.02$$

(expect same direct CPV in charged B mode)



Same quark diagram as $B^0 \rightarrow D^+D^-$

- VV final state (not a CP eigenstate)

- Determine effective CP-even contribution: η_{CP} using D^* decay

$$R_{\perp} = 0.143 \pm 0.034 \pm 0.008$$

analysis)

CP asymmetries from CP-even amplitudes

$$\eta S_+ = 0.72 \pm 0.19 \pm 0.05$$

$$C_+ = -0.05 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.02$$

*ηS consistent with $\sin 2\beta!$
No direct CPV!*

